

City of Fayetteville Item Review Form

2014-0119

Legistar File Number

3/18/14

City Council Meeting Date - Agenda Item Only  
N/A for Non-Agenda Item

Chris Brown

Submitted By

Development Services

Department

Action Required:

Resolution Approving the Typical Cross Section for Ripple Road-Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. to Wedington Dr.

Does this item have a cost?  No

Cost of this request

Category or Project Budget

Program or Project Name

Account Number

Funds Used to Date

Program or Project Category

\$0.00

Project Number

Remaining Balance

Fund Name

Budgeted Item?

Budget Adjustment Attached?

Previous Ordinance or Resolution # \_\_\_\_\_

Original Contract Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Comments:

ENTERED  
3/3/14  
PK

V20130812  
ENTERED  
2/28/14

*Paul a. Baker* 3-3-14  
Paul a. Baker 3-3-2014

*Don Man* 3-3-14  
*Donald Jordan*

## CITY COUNCIL AGENDA MEMO

### MEETING OF MARCH 18, 2014

**TO:** Mayor and City Council

**THRU:** Don Marr, Chief of Staff  
Jeremy Pate, Development Services Director

**FROM:** Chris Brown, City Engineer

**DATE:** February 28, 2014

**SUBJECT:** Resolution Approving the Typical Cross Section for Ripple Road-Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. to Wedington Dr.

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### RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends approval of a 4-lane cross section with medians on Ripple Road, between Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd and Wedington Drive, for the following reasons:

- 1) Ripple Road is designated as a Principal Arterial Parkway on the City's Master Street Plan (Figure 1), and as an arterial on the Regional Arterial Network (Figure 2).
- 2) Voters approved the Transportation Bond Program in 2006 with Ripple included as a 4-lane boulevard cross section (Figure 3).
- 3) The cost savings derived from constructing a 2 lane versus a 4 lane facility, while not insignificant, will be less than the cost of constructing the 2 lanes in the future, not only due to inflation, but due to required reconfiguration at intersections, traffic control requirements, a more constricted work area, and other factors that contractors must contend with on a widening project that do not exist on new construction.
- 4) Funding is available now in the Transportation Bond Program to construct the full 4 lanes, as approved by voters. Future funding is unknown, and funding may not be available when the need for widening arises.

### BACKGROUND:

Ripple Road, in the western part of the City, is on the City's Master Street Plan as a Principal Arterial Parkway, and is the only north-south principal arterial on the Master Street Plan west of I-540. Principal Arterials on the Master Street Plan are planned as 4-lane facilities with medians. Refer to Figure 1 for a depiction of the Master Street Plan.

Secondly, Ripple Road is included on the Washington and Benton County Regional Arterial Network as established by the Northwest Arkansas Regional Planning Commission, as shown in Figure 2 attached. This regional network map is intended to identify all streets and highways in the 2-county area that should be planned for 4 lanes or more.

A summary of major project events includes:

2004-The Street Committee (now Transportation Committee) began compiling a list of projects to be presented to voters for a transportation bond issue. Ripple Road was included on that list as an arterial street. In 2006, as voting on the bond issued neared, a public meeting was held at the Fayetteville Public Library, and conceptual plans and cost estimates of all of the proposed bond projects were made available for public review. Ripple Road, from Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. to Persimmon Street was presented at that meeting as a 4-lane road with a median. (The conceptual plan presented at the meeting is attached as Figure 3).

June, 2006 –The City Council approved an Ordinance setting a special sales tax election for the bond program. Included in the City Council agenda packet was a list of proposed projects, including Ripple Road as a new minor arterial. See the attached memo from City Attorney Kit Williams for further details and a summary of events and discussions related to Ripple Road prior to the bond election.

September 2006-Voters approved issuance of up to \$65.9 million in bonds for transportation improvements.

2007-Widening of Ripple Road between Persimmon and Wedington Drive was recommended by the Committee, and this segment was added to the Bond Program budget, creating a total budget of \$10 million for Ripple Road between Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. and Wedington Drive. Both segments of the project were planned to be funded by the sale of the third set of bonds, which at the time was planned for 2012, but was subsequently moved to 2014.

May 2013-In anticipation of funding for construction being available in 2014, a public meeting was held at the Boy's and Girl's Club on Ripple Road, to allow the public to review proposed conceptual plans for Ripple Road and provide input on the project prior to the commencement of detailed design. After this meeting, staff presented the summary of public comments to the Transportation Committee, and requested a recommendation from the Committee on the cross section. Staff recommended project elements included a 4 lane roadway, a 9 to 15 foot wide median (the narrower median was proposed between Persimmon and Wedington), a 5 foot sidewalk on the east side, and a 12 foot multi-use path on the west side. At that time, the Transportation Committee discussed the possibility of constructing only 2 of the 4 lanes, and staff proposed conducting a traffic study to determine the number of lanes needed from a capacity standpoint. The Transportation Committee concurred with this recommendation, and in September of last year Jacobs Engineering was engaged to perform the study.

#### **DISCUSSION:**

The traffic study by Jacobs Engineering analyzed existing traffic patterns, and predicted future traffic levels based on this traffic, as well as development patterns expected in the project area and on changes in traffic patterns that the new connection would bring about. The study developed level of service estimates for immediately after construction as well as for a 20 year horizon, for use by the City in making decisions about the type of facility that would be adequate now and in the future.

A summary of the traffic study inputs and analysis is as follows:

- Future traffic was generated in the study area by using densities similar to Ripple Row (Traditional/New Urbanism Development Pattern) of 6.24 units per acre or 1997 units which equates to a 24-hour two-way volume of 19,111 vehicles at build out. The development area used in this calculation is depicted on Figure 4.

- Based on historical traffic volumes, growth rates from 1.2% to 1.9% were applied to historic traffic counts outside of the Ruppel Road corridor (background traffic) that would be utilizing the new Ruppel Road.
- The intersection of Ruppel Road and Persimmon Street was evaluated using the year 2033 volumes to determine whether a signalized intersection or a roundabout would operate the more efficiently and safely. In regards to the Level of Service, the roundabout barely nudged out the signal by 2 seconds which is considered negligible. Therefore, Jacobs recommends, and used a signalized intersection in the model in favor of the improved safety conditions for pedestrians, especially within a school zone.
- Two future intersections on Ruppel Road south of Persimmon Street were modeled as roundabouts.

Final Study results are as follows:

- The 2-lane Build will operate at acceptable levels of service the opening year of this facility.
- The first section which will fail operationally or have unacceptable levels of service will be the 2-lane section from Persimmon Street to Wedington, with the Wedington intersection the most problematic due to the significant traffic volumes on Wedington.
- The study shows that in the design year 2033, Ruppel Road needs to be a 4-lane facility to provide acceptable levels of service at each intersection/roundabout and acceptable travel times from MLK Jr. to Wedington Drive.
- The study states that a 2-lane roadway should operate with acceptable delays and speeds until the corridor is developed to approximately 50% to 75% of build out. The study states that this level of development could occur in 10 years given the need for the north-south connection, the close proximity to the school, Boys & Girls Club and I-540; however, the City has no control over the actual rate of development, which may be substantially different from the 10 year estimate.

Staff developed cost estimates for the new segment of Ruppel Road, between Persimmon and Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. using three different road cross sections (Figures 7 and 8, attached). These estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Road Cross Section	Est. Cost	Dollars Saved	Percentage Saved
<b>2-Lane Option 1</b>	2-lanes west side only depressed median, 12' trail	\$5.67 Million	-\$1.70 Million	-23%
<b>2-Lane Option 2</b>	2-lanes depressed median, gravel shoulders, 12' trail, 5' s/w	\$6.67 Million	-\$0.70 Million	-10%
<b>4-Lane Option</b>	4-lane boulevard w/ 12' trail & 5' sidewalk	\$7.37 Million		

Considering the relative closeness (for projects of this magnitude) of the above construction estimates, the difficulty of access management without the median in place, and the lack of major alternate routes for citizens, staff recommends moving forward with the 4-Lane Option. If the Council chooses a 2-lane option, Option 1 is preferred over Option 2 due to the relative ease of constructing the additional lanes in the future.

If Option 1 is chosen, the intersection at Wedington needs to be widened to accommodate the heavy northbound right turn on to Wedington and the intersection at Persimmon Street will also need to be widened to provide increased safety and a properly aligned intersection with the installation of the new traffic signal. Because of these needed improvements and considering

that there exists a short section of 4-lane Rubble Road south of Persimmon Street, staff recommends 4-laning this entire segment of Rubble Road from the Persimmon Street intersection north to Wedington. The traffic study also identified this segment as the first to fail from increased traffic volumes. The cost to widen only the intersections at Wedington and Persimmon is \$1.5 million, versus \$2.2 million for full widening between Persimmon and Wedington.

Regardless of whether the 4-lane option or the 2-lane option is chosen, staff recommends:

- 1) Signalization at Persimmon Street and Rubble Road.
- 2) Construction of roundabouts at the 3 planned collector streets intersecting Rubble Road.
- 3) Full width construction from MLK Jr. Blvd. to the Farmington Branch of Goose Creek crossing.
- 4) Widening Rubble Road to 4-lanes between Persimmon Street and Wedington, as noted above.

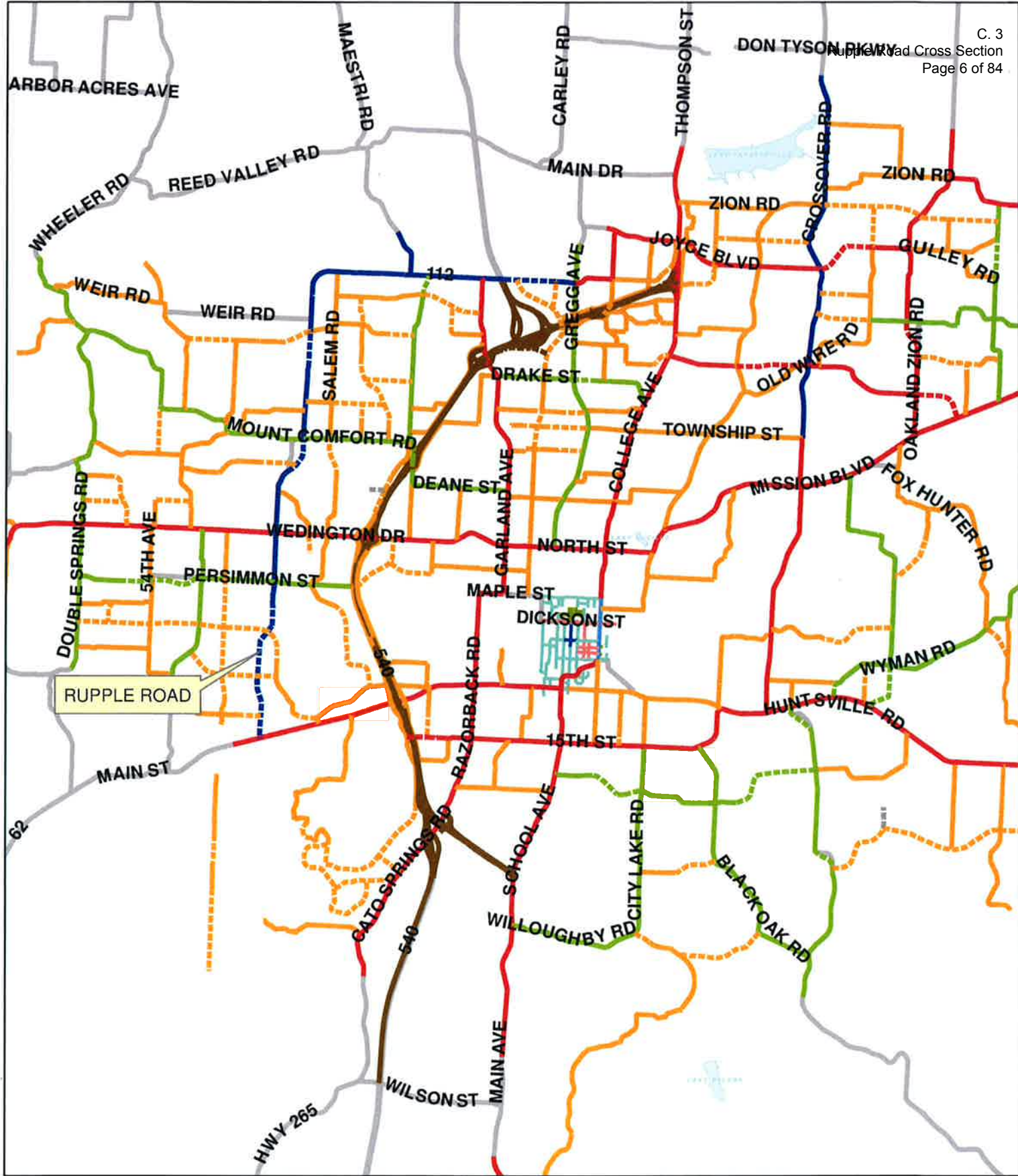
The Transportation Committee heard this item at the Committee meeting on February 25<sup>th</sup>, and voted to forward to the full City Council without a recommendation.

**BUDGET/STAFF IMPACT:**

The total budget for Rubble Road, between Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. and Wedington Drive, is \$10 million. This funding is adequate to construct the full 4-lane section. Potential savings if the 2-lane options are selected include \$2.4 million in construction and approximately \$200,000 in asphalt maintenance costs over a 15 year period. However, this savings will ultimately be less than cost of constructing the additional two lanes in the future. This cost cannot be quantified accurately, but, by way of comparison, the cost of the two lanes of Rubble Road from Wedington to the Boys and Girls Club in 2002 was approximately \$800,000, and the estimate cost of widening Rubble between Persimmon and Wedington to 4 lanes is \$2.2 million.

**Attachments:**

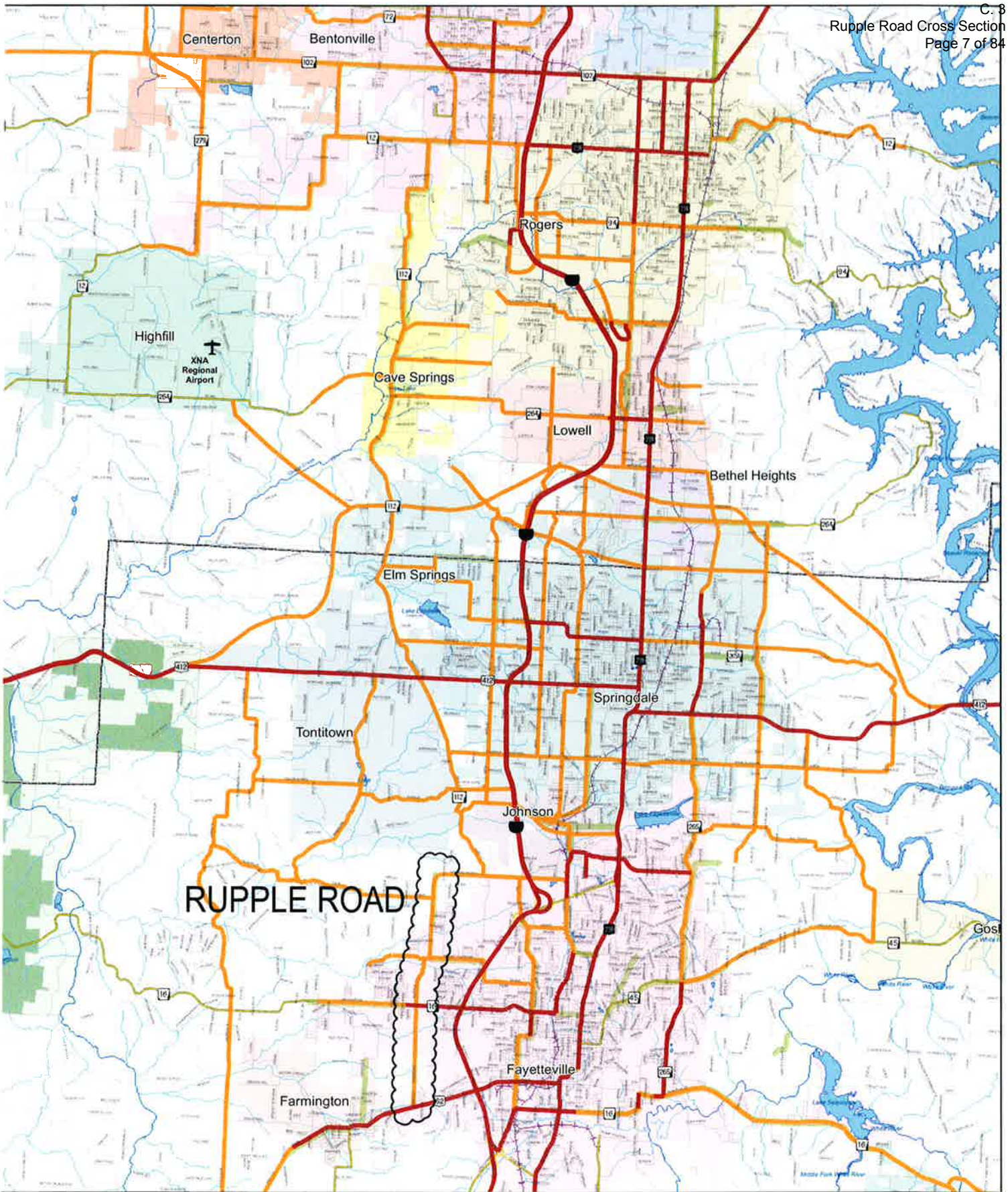
Figure 1-Partial City of Fayetteville Master Street Plan  
Figure 2-Benton and Washington County Regional Arterial Network  
Figure 3-Concept Drawing presented at the May, 2006 public meeting.  
Memo from City Attorney-History of Rubble Road and Sales Tax Capital Bond Election  
Figure 4-Development Area used in traffic study calculations  
Figure 5 and 6-Concept Drawings presented at May 2013 public meeting  
Figures 7 and 8-Alternative 2-lane and 4-lane concepts currently under consideration  
Figures 9 and 10-Alternative concepts between Persimmon and Wedington  
Detailed Cost Estimates  
Traffic Study by Jacobs Engineering



1 inch = 7,000 feet

**FIGURE 1**  
**MASTER STREET PLAN**

- Legend**
- COLLECTOR
  - FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY
  - MINOR ARTERIAL
  - PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL
  - PRIN ARTERIAL PKWY



RUPPLE ROAD

FIGURE 2  
WASHINGTON AND BENTON CO.  
2015 ARTERIAL NETWORK



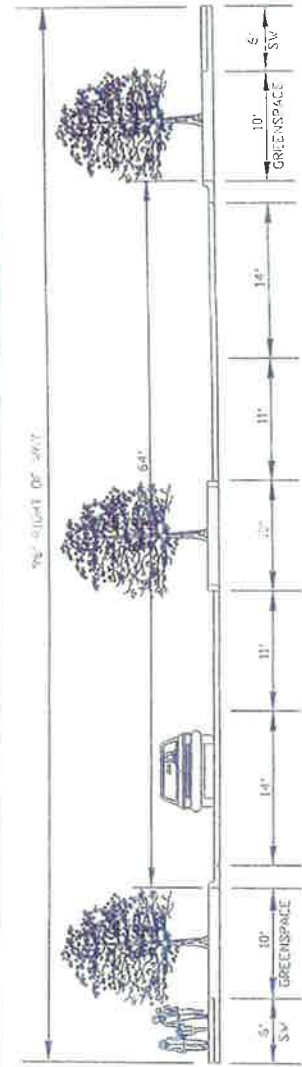
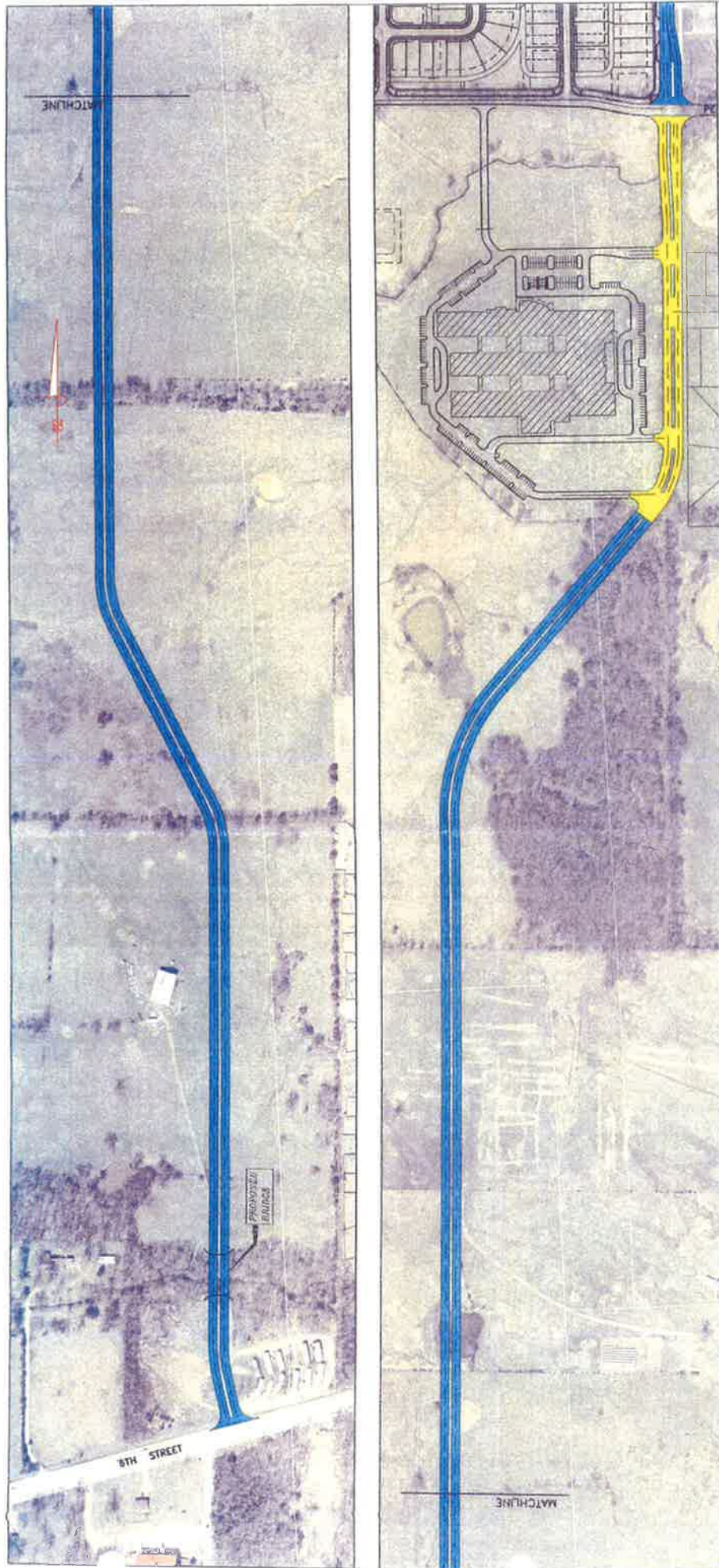


FIGURE 3

(17) RUPPEL ROAD IMPROVEMENTS  
 6th ST. TO PERSIMMON ST.  
 CONCEPT PLAN





**Kit Williams**  
*City Attorney*

**Jason B. Kelley**  
*Assistant City Attorney*

**TO: Mayor Jordan**  
**City Council**

**CC: Don Marr, Chief of Staff**  
**Paul Becker, Finance Director**  
**Jeremy Pate, Development Services Director**  
**Chris Brown, City Engineer**

**FROM: Kit Williams, City Attorney**

**DATE: February 24, 2014**

**RE: History of Ripple Road from Martin Luther King to Persimmon  
and Sales Tax Capital Bond Election**

For many months before the September 12, 2006 Special Sales Tax Bond Election, the City Council Street Committee studied the citizens' needs and desires (as ascertained by Citizens Surveys) and finally agreed to the Transportation Improvement Plan of which Phase One was to be financed by the Sale Tax Capital Bonds.

"In response to a question from Alderman Marr, Alderman Jordan said we are probably looking at August before a bond election could be held. He thinks the Street Committee will need to initiate the discussion. He wants to be careful to have enough time for public comment.

"Alderman Marr said he agrees that we need to have time to make sure it is done right but wants to also make sure it is a priority. He said he wants to see the Committee begin working on this at every meeting because it was **the number one item**

**two years in a row in the Citizen Survey.”** City Council Street Committee Minutes of February 13, 2006 (page 7) (emphasis added).

In the Agenda Packet for the Special Election for the Sales Tax Bond Ordinance, City staff informed the City Council what the bond revenue would be used for.

“The City Council Street Committee has for the last 18 months been discussing the need for a major street improvement program based upon the community-wide Citizen Surveys of 2004 and 2005. The program has evolved during this time frame into 3-phases. Phase 1 is proposed to be a 6-year \$62,000,000 program, providing traffic capacity and safety improvements and economic development opportunities to those corridors with the most need. Later phases, through additional bond elections, will address additional safety, capacity, and economic development needs. The resources required for the initial phase of the Transportation Improvement Program is \$62,000,000 plus the bond and debt placement and surety costs.”

Included with the memo was a listing of the road projects to be completed in Phase 1 of the Transportation Improvement Plan. Project #17 was “Ripple Road (6<sup>th</sup> to Persimmon), New-Minor Arterial-\$8,155,000.00....”

The Special Election Capital Sales Tax Extension agenda item was entitled: “An Ordinance calling for a Special Election on September 12, 2006 to....pay....for Phase 1 of the Transportation Improvement Plan as recommended by the Street Committee....”

Thus, both the City Council and the public were expressly and explicitly informed before enacting the Special Election Ordinance that Ripple Road from Martin Luther King to Persimmon was supposed to be built **to arterial standards** at an estimated cost of over \$8 million from the Sales Tax Capital Bond Proceeds. My memory is that the voters were

frequently informed that this project as well as the other major road improvement projects (Highway 265 from Highway 45 North to the City limits; Garland Street from North to Melmar; Mount Comfort, Fifteenth Street, Cato Springs, etc.) would be built as a result of a successful bond election.

I drafted the Bond Election Ballot to be more general: "acquisition, construction and equipping of certain street improvements,"; without specifically naming each proposed street improvement. Therefore, it is unlikely that the City could be found to have committed an illegal exaction if Ripple Road is not built to arterial standards. However, it is clear that the public was informed before the election that the City would construct Ripple Road as an arterial (as part of the City's "box" of arterials to improve city wide transportation). Thus, the City Council could be accused of not "keeping the faith" with citizens if it chose to build a two-lane road rather than arterial for Ripple from MLK to Persimmon.

**RESOLUTION NO. \_\_\_\_\_**

**A RESOLUTION TO REAFFIRM THE CROSS SECTION OF RUPPLE ROAD FROM MARTIN LUTHER KING BOULEVARD TO WEDINGTON DRIVE AS A FOUR LANE BOULEVARD**

**WHEREAS**, the City Council approved submitting a capital sales tax issue to the Fayetteville voters in 2006 with a stated objective to build Phase 1 of the Transportation Improvement Program with the bond proceeds; and

**WHEREAS**, Phase 1 of the approved Transportation Improvement Program included \$8,155,000.00 for Ripple Road as an arterial from Martin Luther King Boulevard to Persimmon Street; and

**WHEREAS**, the Fayetteville citizens voted to approve this sales tax to support the bonds for the street improvements in September 12, 2006; and

**WHEREAS**, Ripple Road has long been and currently is designated as Principal Arterial Parkway on the City's Master Street Plan approved by both the Planning Commission and City Council.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE, ARKANSAS:**

Section 1: That the City Council of the City of Fayetteville, Arkansas hereby reaffirms the designation of Ripple Road as a Principal Arterial Parkway between Martin Luther King Boulevard and Wedington Drive and confirms and approves the cross section of this four lane boulevard as presented to the public in the meeting at the Boys and Girls Club on Ripple Road in May of 2013.

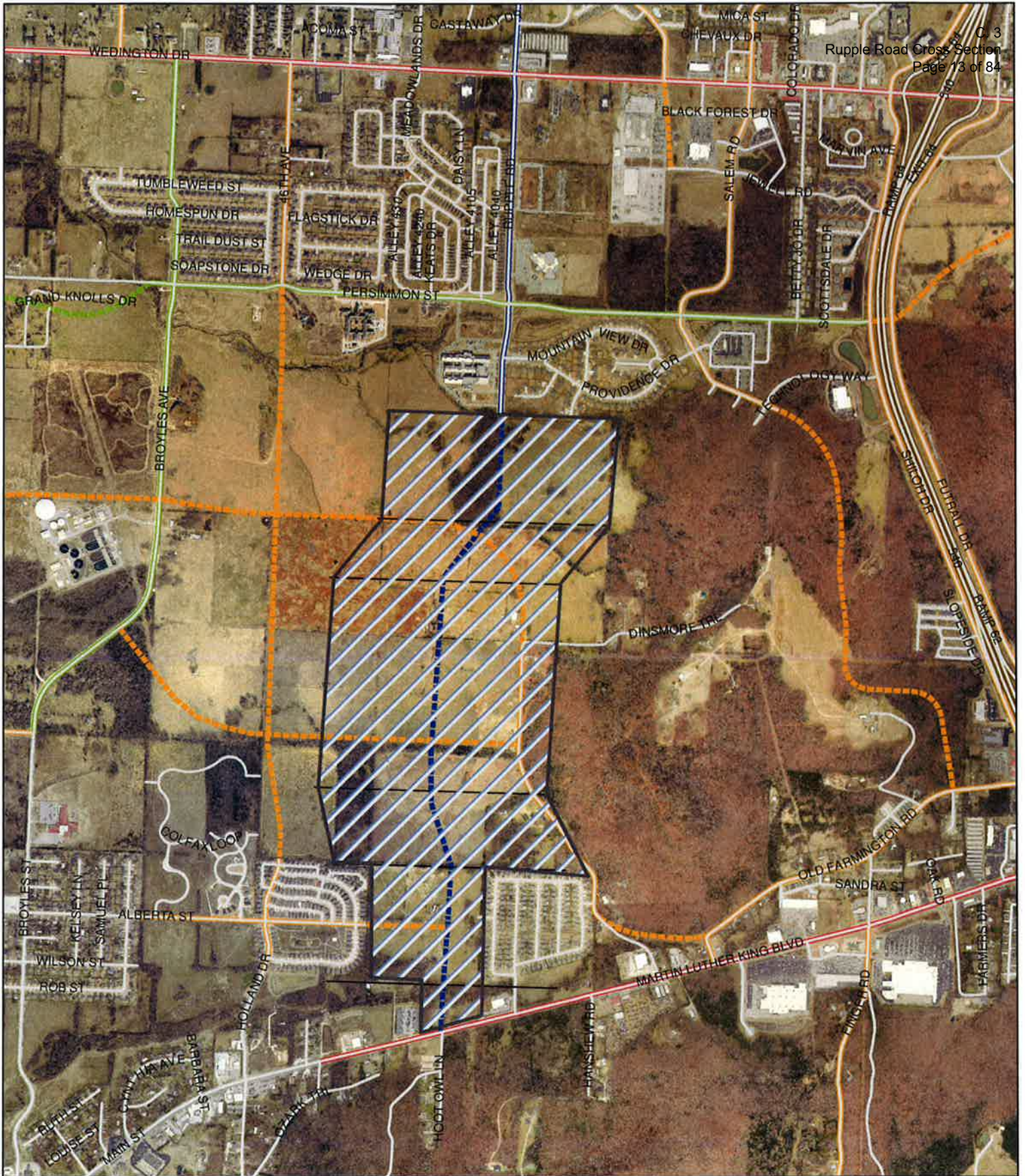
**PASSED and APPROVED** this 18<sup>th</sup> day of March 2014.

APPROVED:

ATTEST:

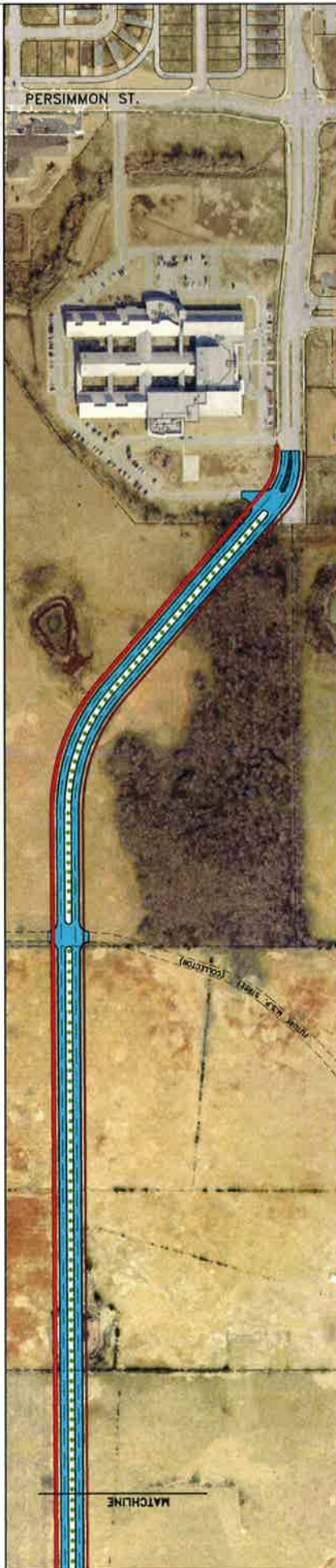
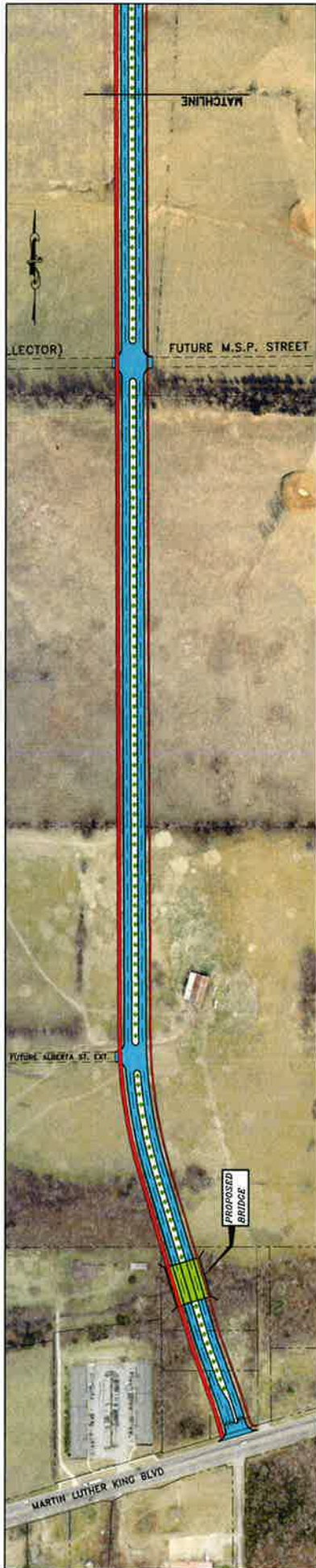
By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**LIONELD JORDAN**, Mayor

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**SONDRA E. SMITH**, City Clerk/Treasurer



1 inch = 1,500 feet

**FIGURE 4**  
**TRAFFIC STUDY**  
**DEVELOPMENT IMPACT AREA**

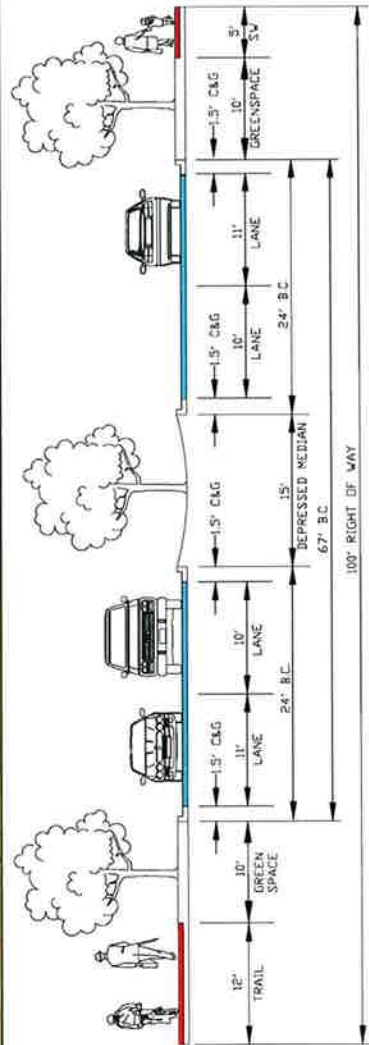


**Project Summary**

- Extension of Ruppelle Road as a 4-lane boulevard from south of Owl Creek School to Martin Luther King Blvd.
- Total project budget: \$8.155 million
- Construction scheduled for 2014.

**FIGURE 5**

**④ RUPPELE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS  
MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD  
TO PERSIMMON ST.  
CONCEPT PLAN**



**PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL PARKWAY**

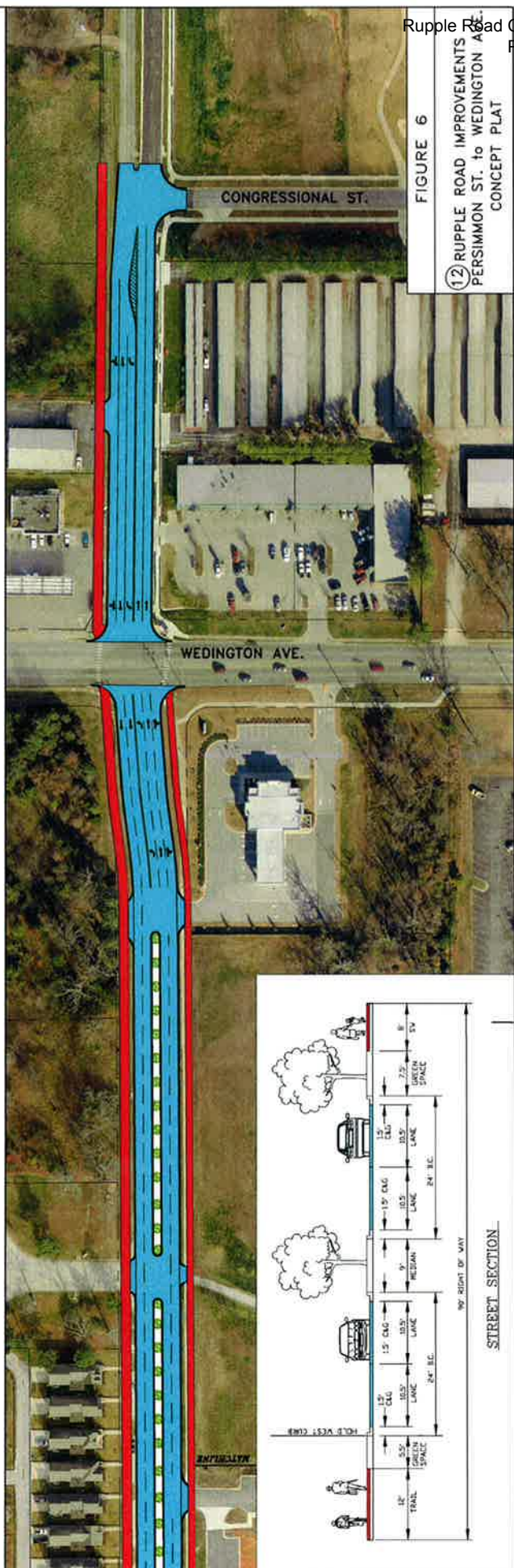
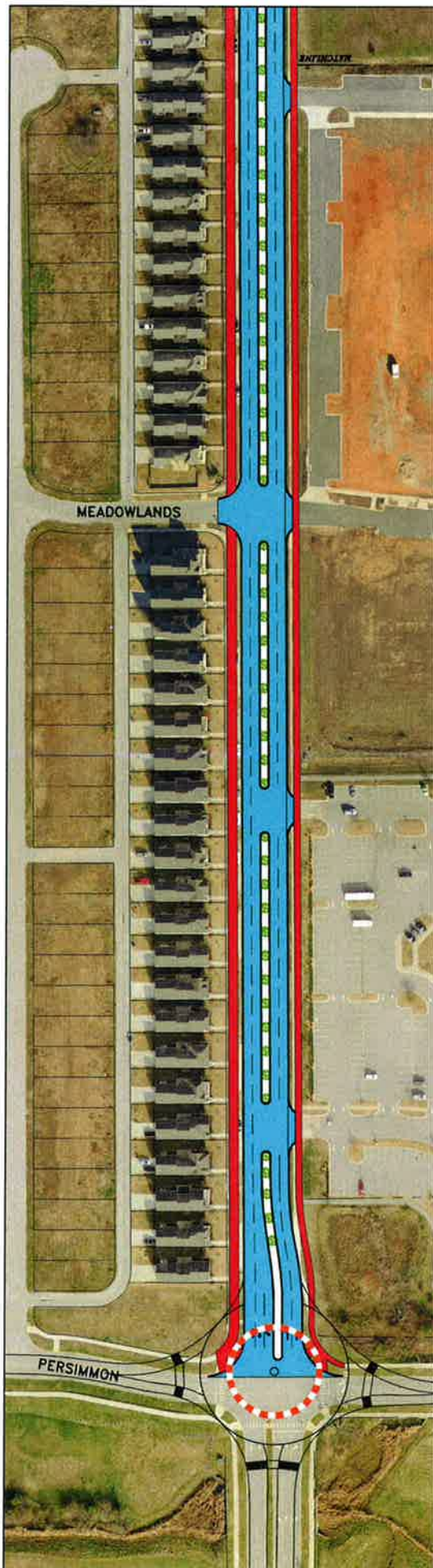
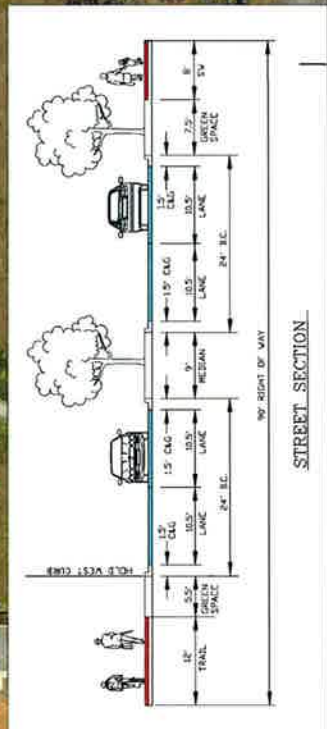
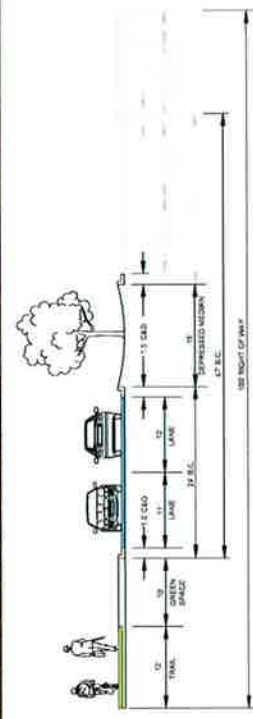


FIGURE 6  
 12 RUPPLE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS  
 PERSIMMON ST. to WEDINGTON AVE.  
 CONCEPT PLAN



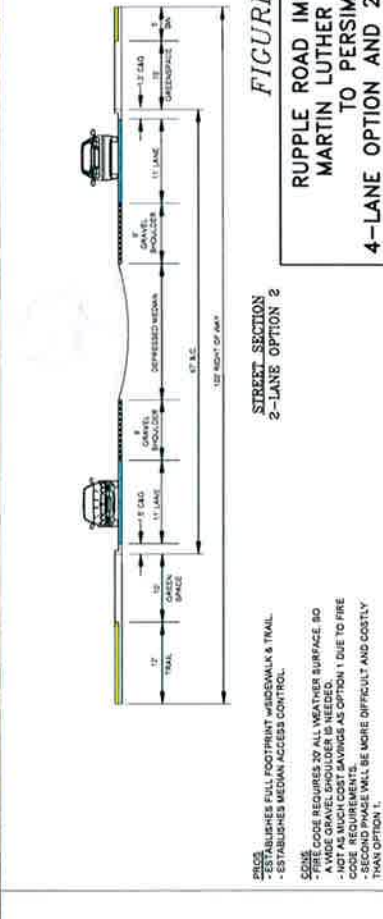
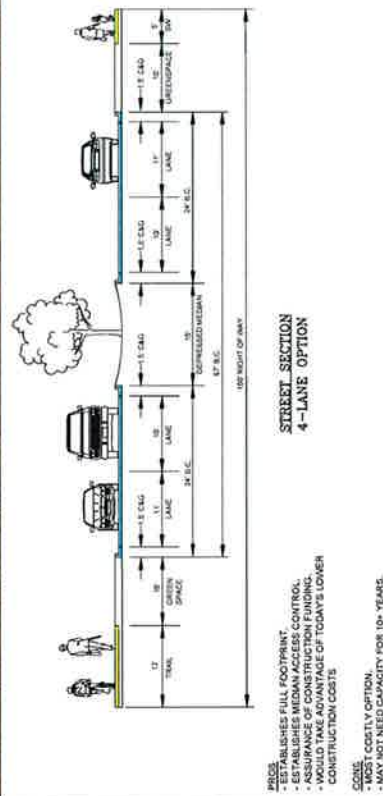


- STREET SECTION**  
2-LANE OPTION 1
- MOST EXPENSIVE OPTION
  - CONSTRUCTION OF SECOND PHASE WILL BE EASIER AND LESS EXPENSIVE THAN OPTION 2
  - ADDRESSES FIRE CODE REQUIREMENTS BETTER THAN OPTION 2
  - DOES NOT ESTABLISH ACCESS CONTROL
  - SIDEWALK ONLY ON ONE SIDE

**FIGURE 7**

**RIPPLE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS  
MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD  
TO PERSIMMON ST.  
2-LANE OPTION 1**





**FIGURE 8**  
**RUPPEL ROAD IMPROVEMENTS**  
**MARTIN LUTHER KING BLVD.**  
**TO PERSIMMON ST.**  
**4-LANE OPTION AND 2-LANE OPTION 2**





**Ruppel Rd. Improvements - MLK to Persimmon  
 FULL WIDTH CONCEPT COST ESTIMATE - FEBRUARY 2014**

Item No.		Unit	Estimated Quantity	Costs	
				Unit Price	Estimated Price
1	Mobilization	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
2	Construction Staking	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
3	Maintenance of Traffic	LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
4	Tree Protection Fencing	LF	1,000	\$5.00	\$5,000.00
5	Excavation Safety	LS	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
6	Clearing & Grubbing	LS	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
7	R & D Curb & Gutter	LF	200	\$4.00	\$800.00
8	Asphalt Milling	SY	200	\$8.00	\$1,600.00
9	Unclassified Excavation	CY	54,400	\$8.00	\$435,200.00
10	Compacted Embankment - Select Hillside	CY	36,266	\$12.00	\$435,192.00
11	Undercut & Backfill	CY	10,000	\$17.50	\$175,000.00
12	Six-inch Aggregate Street Base Course (Class 7)	SY	44,200	\$8.00	\$353,600.00
13	Concrete Curb & Gutter	LF	30,000	\$11.50	\$345,000.00
14	Two-inch ACHM Surface Course (Type 2)	SY	36,000	\$12.00	\$432,000.00
15	Four-inch ACHM Binder Course (Type 2)	SY	36,000	\$16.00	\$576,000.00
16	18-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	6,000	\$50.00	\$300,000.00
17	36-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	3,000	\$110.00	\$330,000.00
18	4 Ft x 4 Ft Type 'C' Drop Inlet	EA	40	\$3,000.00	\$120,000.00
19	Drop Inlet Extension (8 Ft)	EA	40	\$1,000.00	\$40,000.00
20	Erosion Control	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
21	Concrete Sidewalk (4")	SY	4,300	\$32.00	\$137,600.00
22	Concrete Trail	SY	10,200.0	\$35.00	\$357,000.00
23	Seeding & Mulching	AC	8.5	\$2,500.00	\$21,250.00
24	Imported Top Soil	SY	40,000	\$3.00	\$120,000.00
25	Striping and Signage	LS	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
26	3" PVC Schedule 40 Conduit	LF	750	\$20.00	\$15,000.00
27	Right-of-Way/ Easement Acquisition	LS	1	\$575,000.00	\$575,000.00
28	Concrete Bridge (66'x100')	SF	6,600	\$130.00	\$858,000.00
29	Street Trees	EA	85	\$600.00	\$51,000.00
30	Signalization (Sixth St.)	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS</b>					<b>\$6,144,242.00</b>
<b>CONTINGENCY (20%)</b>					<b>\$1,228,848.40</b>
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED COST</b>					<b>\$7,373,090.40</b>

## Ripple Rd. Improvements - MLK to Persimmon

### OPTION 1 COST ESTIMATE- FEBRUARY 2014

Item No.	Item Description	Unit	Estimated Quantity	Costs	
				Unit Price	Estimated Price
1	Mobilization	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
2	Construction Staking	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
3	Maintenance of Traffic	LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
4	Tree Protection Fencing	LF	1,000	\$5.00	\$5,000.00
5	Excavation Safety	LS	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
6	Clearing & Grubbing	LS	1	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00
7	R & D Curb & Gutter	LF	200	\$4.00	\$800.00
8	Asphalt Milling	SY	200	\$8.00	\$1,600.00
9	Unclassified Excavation	CY	34,756	\$8.00	\$278,048.00
10	Compacted Embankment - Select Hillside	CY	23,170	\$12.00	\$278,040.00
11	Undercut & Backfill	CY	6,000	\$17.50	\$105,000.00
12	Six-inch Aggregate Street Base Course (Class 7)	SY	24,556	\$8.00	\$196,448.00
13	Concrete Curb & Gutter	LF	23,200	\$11.50	\$266,800.00
14	Two-inch ACHM Surface Course (Type 2)	SY	20,133	\$12.00	\$241,596.00
15	Four-inch ACHM Binder Course (Type 2)	SY	20,133	\$16.00	\$322,128.00
16	18-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	4,500	\$50.00	\$225,000.00
17	36-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	2,250	\$110.00	\$247,500.00
18	4 Ft x 4 Ft Type 'C' Drop Inlet	EA	30	\$3,000.00	\$90,000.00
19	Drop Inlet Extension (8 Ft)	EA	30	\$1,000.00	\$30,000.00
20	Erosion Control	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
21	Concrete Sidewalk (4")	SY	500	\$32.00	\$16,000.00
22	Concrete Trail	SY	10,200.0	\$35.00	\$357,000.00
23	Seeding & Mulching	AC	7.0	\$2,500.00	\$17,500.00
24	Imported Top Soil	SY	32,400	\$3.00	\$97,200.00
25	Striping and Signage	LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
26	3" PVC Schedule 40 Conduit	LF	750	\$20.00	\$15,000.00
27	Right-of-Way/ Easement Acquisition	LS	1	\$575,000.00	\$575,000.00
28	Concrete Bridge (66'x100')	SF	6,600	\$130.00	\$858,000.00
29	Street Trees	EA	85	\$600.00	\$51,000.00
30	Signalization (Sixth St.)	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
31					\$0.00
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS</b>				<b>\$4,725,660.00</b>	
<b>CONTINGENCY (20%)</b>				<b>\$945,132.00</b>	
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED COST</b>				<b>\$5,670,792.00</b>	

## Ruppel Rd. Improvements - MLK to Persimmon

### OPTION 2 COST ESTIMATE- FEBRUARY 2014

Item No.	Item Description	Unit	Estimated Quantity	Costs	
				Unit Price	Estimated Price
1	Mobilization	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
2	Construction Staking	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
3	Maintenance of Traffic	LS	1	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
4	Tree Protection Fencing	LF	1,000	\$5.00	\$5,000.00
5	Excavation Safety	LS	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
6	Clearing & Grubbing	LS	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
7	R & D Curb & Gutter	LF	200	\$4.00	\$800.00
8	Asphalt Milling	SY	200	\$8.00	\$1,600.00
9	Unclassified Excavation	CY	49,111	\$8.00	\$392,888.00
10	Compacted Embankment - Select Hillside	CY	32,740	\$12.00	\$392,880.00
11	Undercut & Backfill	CY	9,000	\$17.50	\$157,500.00
12	Six-inch Aggregate Street Base Course (Class 7)	SY	38,911	\$8.00	\$311,288.00
13	Concrete Curb & Gutter	LF	16,400	\$11.50	\$188,600.00
14	Two-inch ACHM Surface Course (Type 2)	SY	20,889	\$12.00	\$250,668.00
15	Four-inch ACHM Binder Course (Type 2)	SY	20,889	\$16.00	\$334,224.00
16	18-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	6,000	\$50.00	\$300,000.00
17	36-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	LF	3,000	\$110.00	\$330,000.00
18	4 Ft x 4 Ft Type 'C' Drop Inlet	EA	50	\$3,000.00	\$150,000.00
19	Drop Inlet Extension (8 Ft)	EA	40	\$1,000.00	\$40,000.00
20	Erosion Control	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00
21	Concrete Sidewalk (4")	SY	4,300	\$32.00	\$137,600.00
22	Concrete Trail	SY	10,200.0	\$35.00	\$357,000.00
23	Seeding & Mulching	AC	9.5	\$2,500.00	\$23,750.00
24	Imported Top Soil	SY	47,600	\$3.00	\$142,800.00
25	Striping and Signage	LS	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
26	3" PVC Schedule 40 Conduit	LF	750	\$20.00	\$15,000.00
27	Right-of-Way/ Easement Acquisition	LS	1	\$575,000.00	\$575,000.00
28	Concrete Bridge (66'x100')	SF	6,600	\$130.00	\$858,000.00
29	Street Trees	EA	85	\$600.00	\$51,000.00
30	Signalization (Sixth St.)	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
31	Five-inch Aggregate Base Course for Shoulder	SY	12,089	\$7.00	\$84,623.00
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS</b>					<b>\$5,560,221.00</b>
<b>CONTINGENCY (20%)</b>					<b>\$1,112,044.20</b>
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED COST</b>					<b>\$6,672,265.20</b>







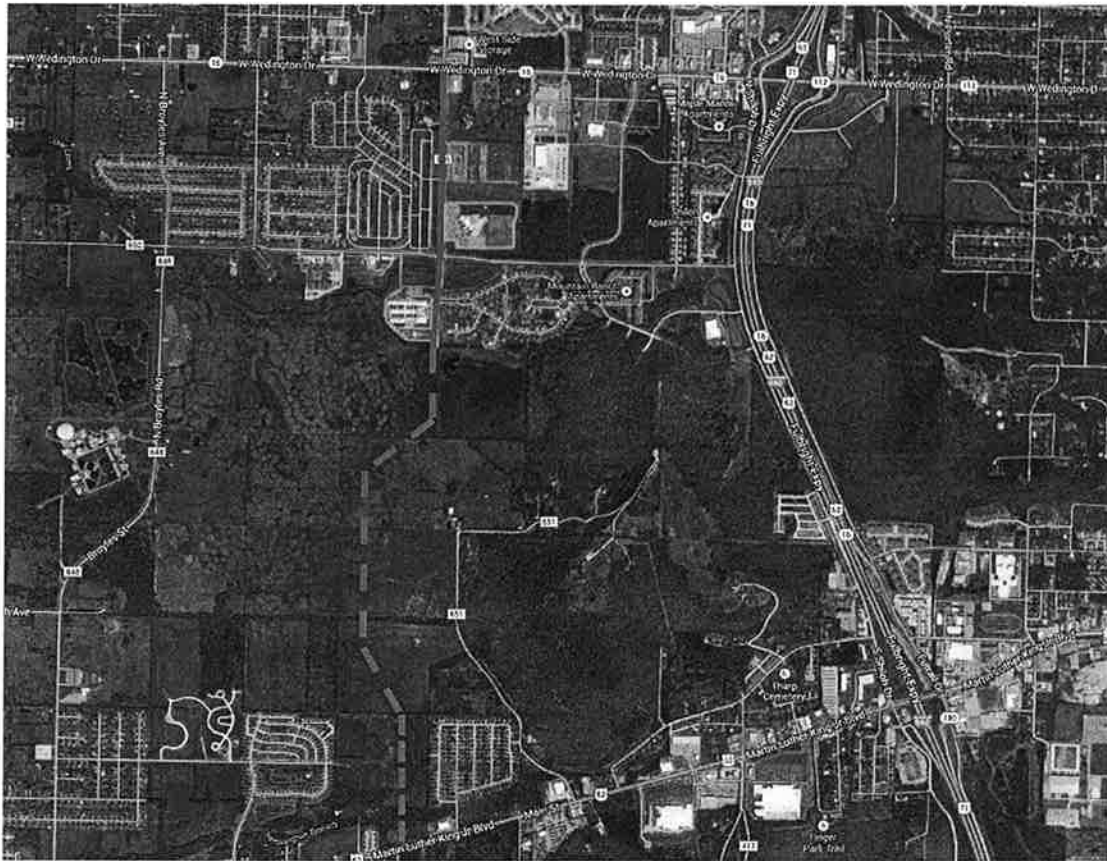
**RUPPLE ROAD**  
**Corridor from MLK**  
**(Hwy 62) to**  
**Wedington Drive**  
**(Hwy 16)**

**Traffic Impact Analysis**

**Date: February 25, 2014**

## Introduction

JACOBS was hired by the City of Fayetteville to conduct a traffic impact analysis for the extension of Rubble Road from MLK (Hwy 62) to just south of Persimmon Street. The study area also included the existing section from Persimmon Street to Wedington Drive. The study area is shown in **Figure 1**.



**Figure 1. Study Area**

Currently Rubble Road in the study area extends south from Wedington Drive to just south of the Owl Creek Elementary/Middle School. There is a traffic signal at the intersection with Wedington Drive and a 4-way stop at the Persimmon Street intersection. Rubble Road does not exist between the school and MLK (Hwy 62). The Master Street Plan (City Plan 2030) designates Rubble Road as a principal arterial parkway. The typical section for principal arterials obtained from the Master Street Plan is shown in **Figure 2**. For the study, parking was not included in the analysis.

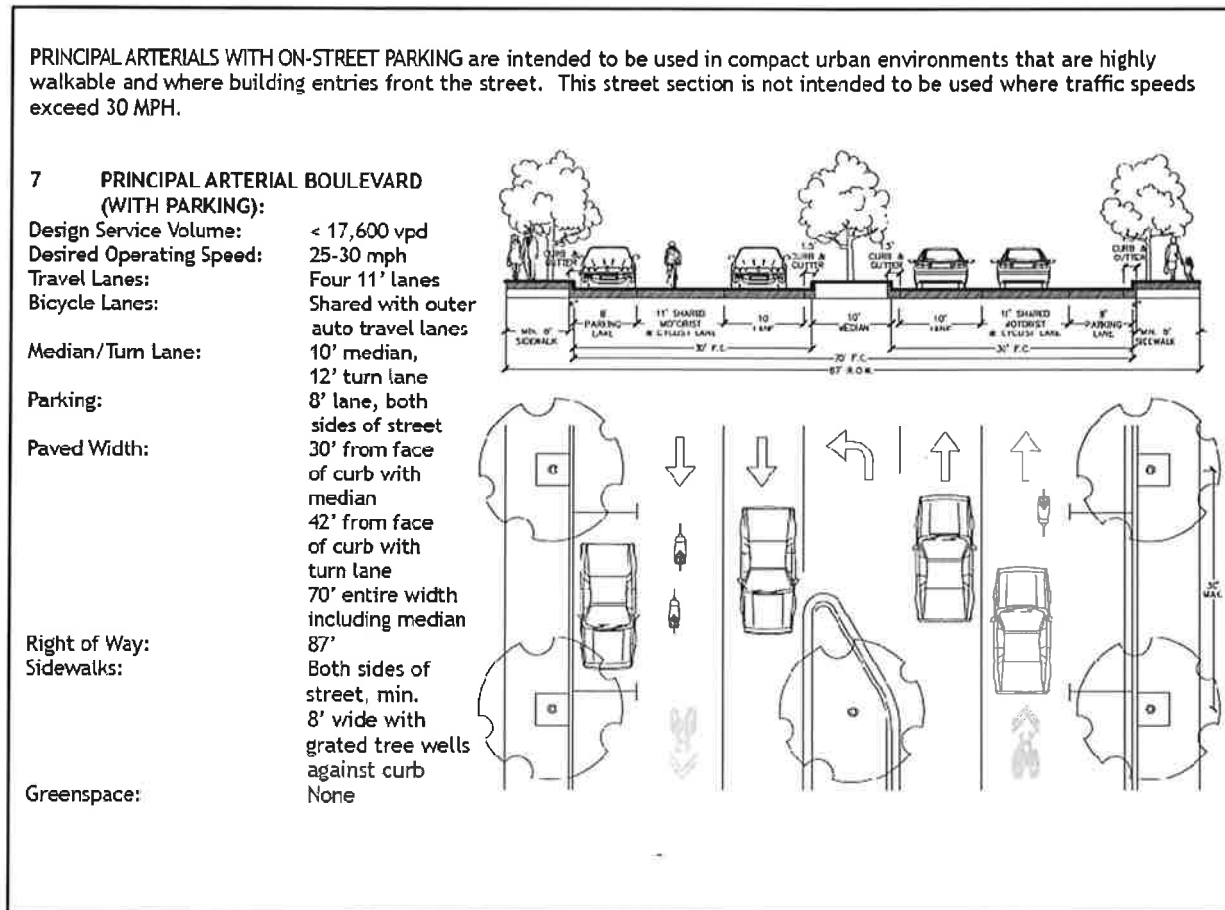


Figure 2. Master Street Plan – Street Section

**Study Process:**

The step by step study process that we have used in this study is:

1. Collected the existing information in and around the study area.
2. The turning movement counts were collected from two (2) intersections(Ruppel Road/Wedington Drive and Ruppel Road/Persimmon Street). Turning movement counts were collected on a Tuesday and a Wednesday in October and November, 2013.
3. Radar counters were used to collect 24 hour counts at strategic points on the road network around the campus as shown in **Figure 3**.
4. The City of Fayetteville provided the future zoning information for the study area (see **Table 4**).

**LEGEND**

24 HOUR COUNT



5. Jacobs has collected some information from other sources:
  - a. Signal timings from City of Fayetteville.
  - b. Average Daily Traffic (ADT's) from the Arkansas Highway and Transportation Department (AHTD) website.
6. Development of VISSIM and Synchro base models for the study area.
7. Development of future traffic numbers based on the historical traffic counts in the area as well as future development of the area along the corridor using the future zoning information provided by the City.
8. Analysis and calibration of the existing traffic in the base models.
9. Analysis of the future alternatives.
10. Summary of results and findings.

After collecting the data a base traffic model was developed for the analysis. The modeling software that is used on this project is VISSIM. VISSIM is microscopic time step driver behavior traffic simulation software, developed to model urban traffic (vehicle and pedestrian) and public transit operations. The program analyzes traffic and transit operations under constraints such as lane configuration, traffic composition, traffic signals, transit stops, etc., thus making it a useful tool for the evaluation of various alternatives based on transportation engineering and planning measures of effectiveness (MOE's) such as vehicle delay, travel times and queue lengths. This program is capable of implicitly modeling passenger vehicle, light rail transit (LRT) vehicle and pedestrians simultaneously and also offers great visualization from simple to complex traffic conditions to provide a realistic picture of the traffic operations.

### **Level of Service**

Level of service (LOS) is a term defined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) to describe the operating performance of an intersection or roadway. The LOS of an intersection is a qualitative measure of capacity and operating conditions and is directly related to vehicle delay. LOS results range from "A" (minimal delay and conflicts) to "F" (significant delays and congestion), with LOS A representing very short delays and LOS F representing very long delays. As a practical consideration, LOS D is considered the limit of acceptable operation in an urban environment. LOS C is the desirable condition. LOS conditions for signalized intersections are shown in **Table 1**. For unsignalized intersections, the levels of service are shown in **Table 2**. The graphical representation of each intersect on LOS category is displayed in the below **Figure 4**.

**Table 1. Level of Service Criteria for Signalized Intersections**

Level-of-Service (LOS)	Average Control Delay (seconds/vehicle)	Description
A	≤ 10.0	Very low vehicle delays, free flow, signal progression extremely favorable, most vehicles arrive during given signal phase.
B	10.1 to 20.0	Good signal progression, more vehicles stop and experience higher delays than for LOS A.
C	20.1 to 35.0	Stable flow, fair signal progression, significant number of vehicles stop at signals.
D	35.1 to 55.0	Congestion noticeable, longer delays and unfavorable signal progression, many vehicles stop at signals.
E	55.1 to 80.0	Limit of acceptable delay, unstable flow, poor signal progression, traffic near roadway capacity, frequent cycle failures.
F	> 80.0	Unacceptable delays, extremely unstable flow and congestion, traffic exceeds roadway capacity, stop-and-go conditions.

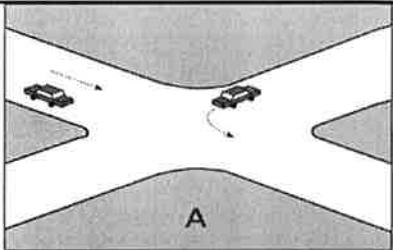
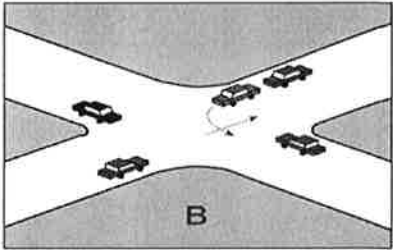
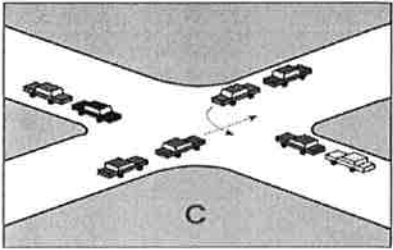
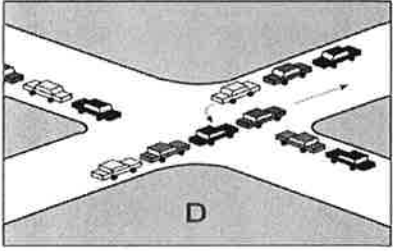
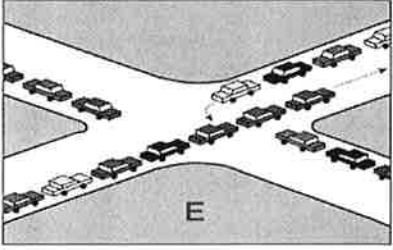
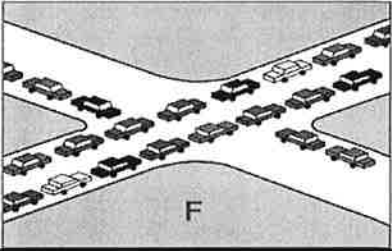
Source: HCM 2010

**Table 2. Level of Service Criteria for Unsignalized Intersections**

Level-of-Service (LOS)	Average Control Delay (seconds/vehicle)	Description
A	≤ 10.0	No delays at intersections with continuous flow of traffic. Uncongested operations: high frequency of long gaps available for all left and right turning traffic. No observable queues.
B	10.1 to 15.0	Same as LOS A
C	15.1 to 25.0	Moderate delays at intersections with satisfactory to good traffic flow. Light congestion; infrequent backups on critical approaches.
D	25.1 to 35.0	Increased probability of delays along every approach. Significant congestion on critical approaches, but intersection functional. No standing long lines formed.
E	35.1 to 50.0	Heavy traffic flow condition. Heavy delays probable. No available gaps for cross-street traffic or main street turning traffic. Limit of stable flow.
F	> 50.0	Unstable traffic flow. Heavy congestion. Traffic moves in forced flow condition. Average delays greater than one minute highly probable. Total breakdown.

Source: HCM 2010

Figure 4 – Level of Service Descriptions

LOS	Intersections	
A	No vehicle waits longer than one signal indication.	
B	On a rare occasion, vehicles wait through more than one signal indication.	
C	Intermittently, vehicles wait through more than one signal indication, occasionally backups may develop, traffic flow still stable and acceptable.	
D	Delays at intersections may become extensive, but enough cycles with lower demand occur to permit periodic clearance, preventing excessive backups.	
E	Very long queues may create lengthy delays.	
F	Backups from locations downstream restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of approach creating a "gridlock" condition.	

### Existing Traffic

The existing traffic data collected for the study area are summarized in the tables below. The traffic data counts are in the appendix. Overall, the AM traffic counts represent higher peak hour volumes for the study area and are, therefore, the focus of the analysis.

**Table 3 – Existing 2013 Peak Hour Traffic Volumes**

Existing AM Intersection	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound		
	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt
Wedington Dr /Ruppel Rd	182	107	45	172	239	82	14	74	161	172	999	25
Persimmon St /Ruppel Rd	106	127	63	79	66	13	32	72	124	90	175	27
MLK Blvd /Ruppel Rd(Future)	-	-	-	-	114	-	-	-	-	-	351	-

Existing PM Intersection	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound		
	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt
Wedington Dr/Ruppel Rd	154	101	158	194	835	110	20	46	121	51	527	13
Persimmon St/Ruppel Rd	41	36	44	27	61	16	12	76	58	60	79	7
MLK Blvd/Ruppel Rd (Future)	-	-	-	-	304	-	-	-	-	-	200	-



**Future Traffic**

Future traffic was generated for the study area using zoning to estimate future development densities. Fayetteville Planning provided two densities for residential zoning in the area.

**Table 4 – Future Zoning in Study Area**

Fayetteville Planning	Type	Density
Mountain Ranch	Typical Suburban Development	1.95 units per acre
Ruppel Row	Traditional/New Urbanism Development Pattern	6.24 units per acre

The future zoning area is approximately 1 mile long by a half mile wide or 320 acres. Which would provide approximately 1997 units with the higher density or 624 units for the lesser density. For this study, 1997 units were used.

**Table 5 – Average Weekday – ITE Trip Generation**

Average Weekday – ITE Trip Generation					
24 Hour Two-way Volume	7-9 AM Peak Hour		4-6 PM Peak Hour		Units
	Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit	
19111	<b>379</b>	<b>1118</b>	1278	739	<b>1997</b>
12537	249	734	838	485	1310
5972	119	349	399	231	624

Using the data from the table above, traffic was generated along the study corridor. For the future design year (2033), historical traffic volumes were used to develop a growth rate for

road. Multiple growth rates were developed (Wedington Drive, Ruppel Road, and MLK Blvd). The rates varied from 1.0% on Ruppel Road, 1.8% on Wedington Drive and 1.3% on MLK Blvd.

**Table 6 – 2013 Opening Peak Hour Traffic Volumes with Improvements**

Existing (with Improvements) AM Intersection	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound		
	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt
Wedington Drive/Ruppel Road	164	143	45	216	215	82	45	105	185	172	999	130
Intermediate Int/Ruppel Road	18	461	10	10	2	25	5	235	13	75	2	25
Persimmon Street/Ruppel Road	126	292	78	79	66	13	62	135	124	105	175	46
School/Subdivision/Ruppel Road	25	362	30	40	10	50	20	251	20	20	10	20
Future Intersection 1	25	362	30	40	10	50	20	251	20	20	10	20
Future Intersection 2	20	382	20	25	20	50	15	184	15	57	20	25
MLK Blvd/ Ruppel Road (Future)	357	-	75	-	114	125	-	-	-	89	316	-

**Table 7 – 2033 Future Traffic with Improvements**

Future (with Improvements) AM Intersection	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound		
	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt	Lt	Th	Rt
Wedington Drive /Rupple Road	239	248	66	374	307	117	159	269	674	246	1284	201
Intermediate Int/Rupple Road	23	765	13	13	3	32	6	973	18	96	3	32
Persimmon Street /Rupple Road	187	498	125	101	85	17	80	845	159	135	224	59
School/Subdivision/ Rupple Road	32	588	38	51	13	64	26	994	26	26	13	26
Future Intersection 1	86	610	86	144	26	233	62	572	59	241	26	144
Future Intersection 2	60	780	60	112	26	201	58	324	55	168	26	112
MLK Blvd /Rupple Road (Future)	818	-	186	-	148	288	-	-	-	149	409	-

## Analysis

### *Synchro Analysis*

The intersection of Rupple Road and Persimmon Street was evaluated in Synchro using Design Year-2033 volumes (developed earlier when determining the type of intersection control to be used at the intersection, not the same traffic volumes used in the VISSIM models) to determine if the intersection would operate best as a signalized intersection or as a roundabout intersection based on Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 2010 methodology.

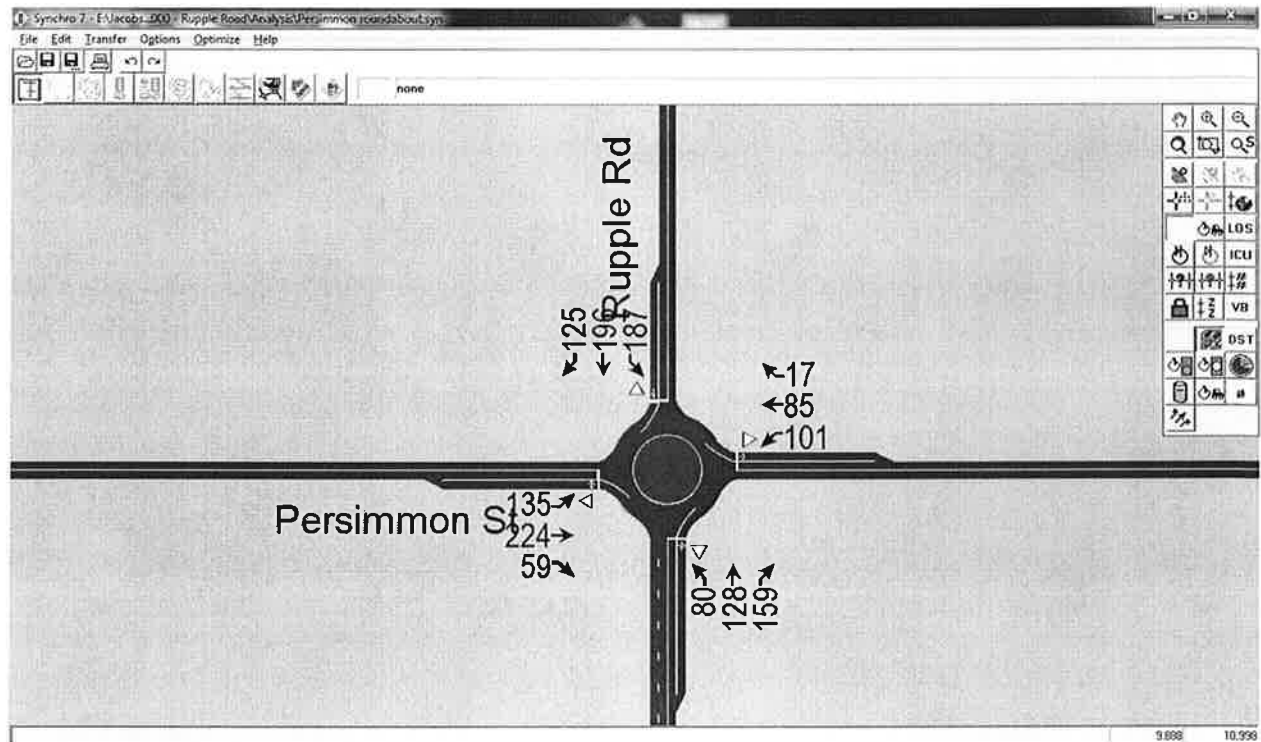


Figure 5 – Synchro Roundabout Graphic

The following assumptions were made regarding the roundabout analysis:

- North and south approaches reduced to one lane northbound and one lane southbound
- Two-lane roundabout with two exit lanes on the south leg.
- 75 feet outer radius
- 15 feet roundabout lanes
- 18 mph circle speed
- PHF = 0.92
- 5% heavy vehicles
- 25 mph approach link speed

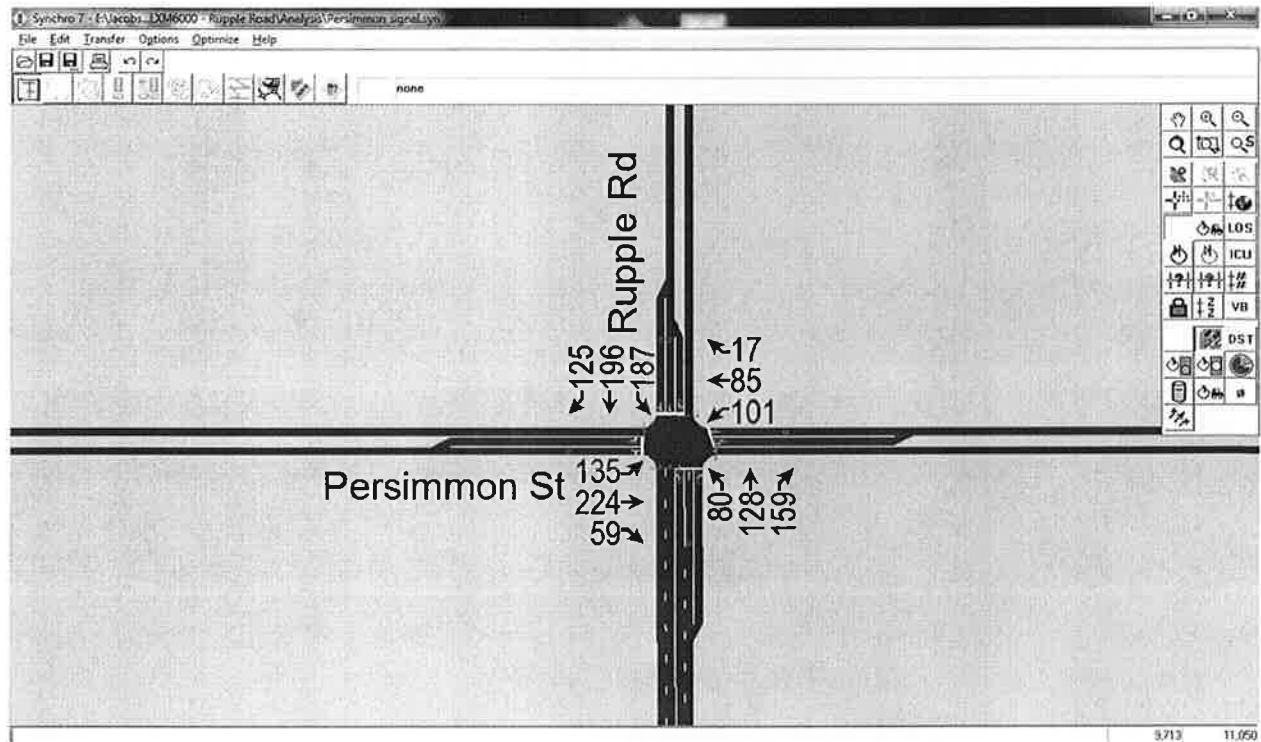


Figure 6 – Synchro Signalized Graphic

The following assumptions were made with regard to the signalized intersection analysis:

- Existing lane configuration at approaches will not change
- Cycle length of 120 seconds
- Permitted left turns
- PHF = 0.92
- 5% heavy vehicles
- 25 mph approach link speed

The results are shown in the table below.

Table 8 – Persimmon Street Intersection Delay Comparison

Scenario	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS
Roundabout	9.3	A
Signalized Intersection	11.3	B

Both scenarios have a low overall intersection delay. Given the negligible difference in overall delay, it was decided to model the intersection of Ruppel Road and Persimmon Street as a signalized intersection in VISSIM to provide improved safety conditions for pedestrians.

### **VISSIM Analysis**

Three (3) horizon year models were created within VISSIM. These models consisted of an Existing Year 2013, Opening Year 2013, and Design Year 2033 scenarios.

The Existing Year 2013 model has the existing geometry for Ruppel Road including the intersections of Wedington Drive and Persimmon Street. The Existing Year model was calibrated using traffic volumes and travel times collected in October and November 2013. The targets of this calibration effort were obtained from the *Traffic Analysis Toolbox Volume III – Guidelines for Applying Traffic Microsimulation Modeling Software* published by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and shown in the figure below.

Criteria and Measures	Calibration Acceptance Targets
<b>Hourly Flows, Model Versus Observed</b>	
Individual Link Flows	
Within 15%, for 700 veh/h < Flow < 2700 veh/h	> 85% of cases
Within 100 veh/h, for Flow < 700 veh/h	> 85% of cases
Within 400 veh/h, for Flow > 2700 veh/h	> 85% of cases
Sum of All Link Flows	Within 5% of sum of all link counts
GEH Statistic < 5 for Individual Link Flows*	> 85% of cases
GEH Statistic for Sum of All Link Flows	GEH < 4 for sum of all link counts
<b>Travel Times, Model Versus Observed</b>	
Journey Times, Network	
Within 15% (or 1 min, if higher)	> 85% of cases
<b>Visual Audits</b>	
Individual Link Speeds	
Visually Acceptable Speed-Flow Relationship	To analyst's satisfaction
Bottlenecks	
Visually Acceptable Queuing	To analyst's satisfaction

**Figure 7 – FHWA Microsimulation Model Calibration Targets**

Most of the criteria included in the above figure are self-explanatory, with the possible exception of GEH Statistic. This measure is a formula used in traffic modeling to compare two sets of traffic volumes (Observed and Modeled). Its mathematical formulation is similar to the Chi-Squared test, but it is not a true statistical test but rather an empirical formula. The formulation for the GEH Statistic is as follows:

$$GEH = \sqrt{\frac{2 * (M - O)^2}{(M + O)}}$$

Where M represents model estimate volume and O represents field counts.

This statistic is typically used to offset the discrepancies that occur when using only simple percentages, as traffic volumes vary over a wide range. In other words, if using only percentages, small absolute discrepancies have no impact on large volumes but a large percent impact in smaller numbers, and vice versa. It has been shown that for traffic volumes smaller than 10,000 a five percent variation yields smaller numbers than a GEH of five. Beyond 10,000, five percent differences keep growing linearly whereas GEH=5 follows a decaying curve.

The tables below summarize the calibration results in terms of GEH values and link flows for the AM peak period model. The results indicate that the model satisfies the volume calibration criteria listed above.

**Table 9 – Percentage of Links Meeting Flow Thresholds**

<b>Individual Link Flows</b>			
<b>Time</b>	<b>Flow&lt;700 vph (± 100)</b>	<b>700&lt;Flow&lt;2700 vph (± 15%)</b>	<b>Flow&gt;2700 vph(±400)</b>
AM	100%	100%	NA

**Table 10 – Sum of Link Flows (Criteria within ±5%):**

<b>Sum of Link Flows</b>	
AM	0.1%

**Table 11 – Percentage of Links by GEH (Criteria GEH < 5)**

GEH Links	
AM	100%

According to the calibration guidelines, a model is reasonably calibrated when the modeled travel times are within 15% (or one minute if higher) of the average field collected travel time for 85% of the cases. Of the field collected travel times provided, only one of the segments fell within the section of Ruppel Road being modeled in the Existing Year model. This segment, specifically southbound Ruppel Road from Wedington Drive to Persimmon Street, had an average field collected travel time of 83 seconds, this time is used to help calibrate the Existing Year model. The travel time for this segment within the Existing Year model was also 83 seconds.

The detailed volume and travel time calibration spreadsheets are included in the appendix for further reference.

For the Design Year 2033 VISSIM analysis the following geometry assumptions were made:

- Ruppel Road would curve west shortly after the existing southern terminus before traveling directly south to Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard
- The two proposed roundabouts between Persimmon Street and MLK Boulevard would have approximately equal spacing between them. The intersecting east-west roadways were assumed to be two-lane undivided facilities.
- As determined based upon the Synchro analysis, the intersection of Ruppel Road and Persimmon Street would be modeled as a signalized intersection.



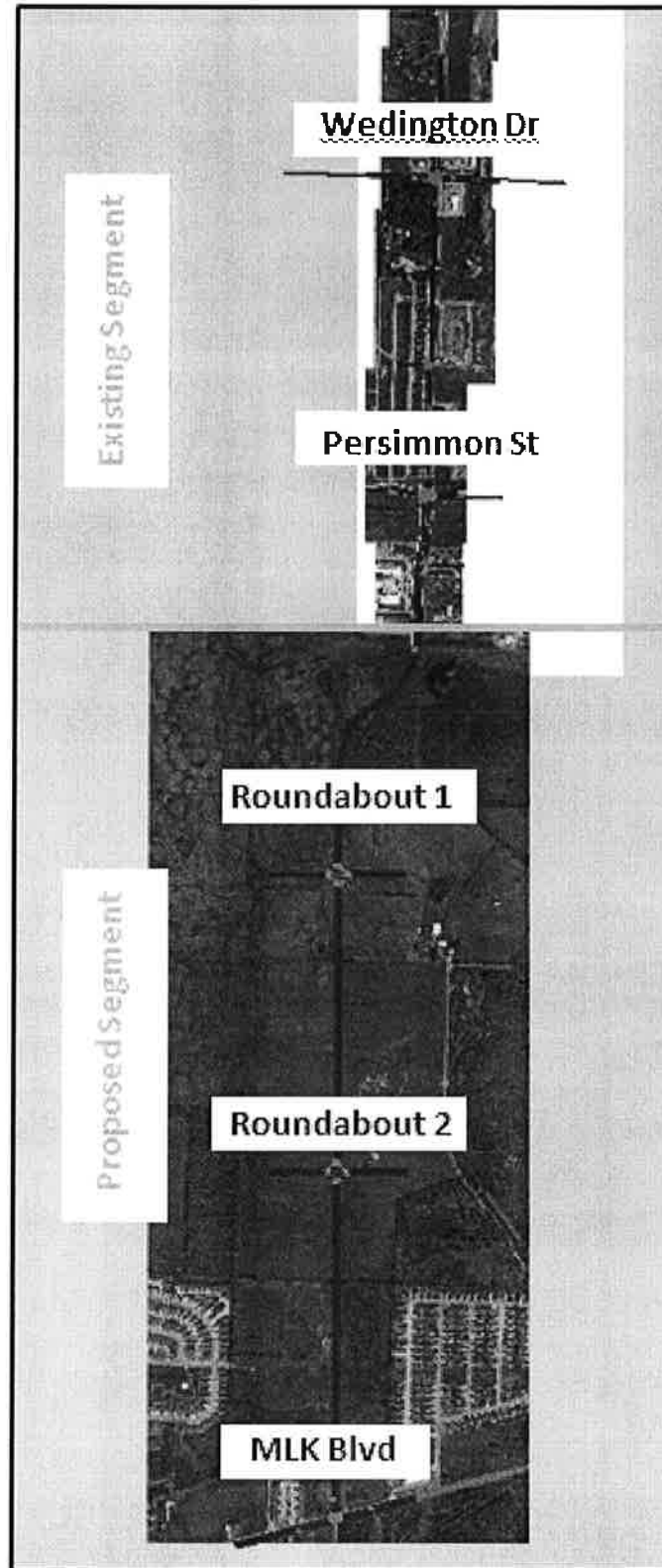


Figure 8 – Rubble Road Extension VISSIM Model

The following three (3) Build Alternatives were analyzed:

- 2-lane Build: Two-lane Ripple Road extension: This alternative provides a 2-lane roadway between Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and the existing 4-lane southern termini south of Persimmon Street, thereby providing a 2-lane facility between Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and Wedington Drive, with the exception of the existing 1,300 foot 4-lane segment south of Persimmon Street.
- 4-lane Build: This scenario provides a four lane roadway between Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and the existing 4-lane southern termini south of Persimmon Street. Under this scenario, Ripple Road between Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and Persimmon Street has a 4-lane section that reduces to a 2-lane facility at Persimmon Street.
- 4-lane to Wedington Drive Build Alternative: This alternative would provide a 4-lane facility from Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard to Wedington Drive, eliminating the choke point which occurs when the roadway reduces from four lanes to two lanes at Persimmon Street. This alternative will require widening between Persimmon Street and Wedington Drive.

Additional improvements also proposed under this scenario include:

- Persimmon Street intersection: Modifying the northbound right turn lane into a shared thru-right turn lane
- Wedington Drive intersection: Modify the northbound approach to include exclusive left turn lane, through lane and exclusive right turn lane with overlap phasing.
- Wedington Drive intersection: Modify the southbound right turn lane to a shared thru-right turn lane.

The alternatives were evaluated using opening year and design year demand volumes, with the exception of 4-lane Build to Wedington Drive alternative which was only analyzed for Design Year 2033. Average vehicle delay at each intersection, corridor travel times, and network-wide performance measures (i.e., total process volumes, latent demand, total delay time, and average speed) were extracted from the VISSIM models to assess the performance of each alternative.

### Summary of Results and Findings

One of the objectives of this analysis was to determine if and/or when the proposed segment of Ripple Road, extending from the current terminus south of Persimmon Street to Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard, would need to be expanded from a two-lane roadway to a four-lane roadway. After analyzing the proposed segment of Ripple Road modeled as a two-lane roadway, it was determined that, although a two-lane facility appears to be operate satisfactorily under opening year demand conditions, a two-lane facility would not have sufficient capacity to accommodate the design year demand. Severe congestion was observed throughout the corridor in the Year 2033 2-lane Build microsimulation model. As shown in **Table 12**, an acceptable level of delay was observed at all intersections for both the 2-lane and 4-lane Build alternatives during opening year; whereas, **Table 13** shows the intersection delay at several intersections increases considerably as a result of the increase in

traffic volume expected in Year 2033 and lack of intersection capacity under the 2-lane and 4-lane alternatives. The results also indicate that delay along the corridor is substantially decreased when Ripple Road is widened from two to four lanes between Persimmon Street and Wedington Drive. Under the improved 4-lane scenario, intersection delays are less than 25 sec/veh, with the exception of the intersection at Wedington Drive which experiences a significant delay on the eastbound approach.

**Table 12 – Opening Year 2013 Intersection Vehicle Delay**

Intersection	Approach Direction	Opening Year (Existing AM with Corridor Extension)					
		2 Lane Build		4 Lane Build		Difference (4L - 2L)	
		Approach Delay	Intersection Delay/LOS	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay
Wedington Drive	SB	25.8	26.0/C	26.8	26.3/C	0.9	0.3
	WB	20.0		20.4		0.4	
	NB	36.4		34.5		-1.9	
	EB	25.5		26.1		0.6	
Persimmon Street	SB	10.3	10.8/B	9.1	10.6/B	-1.2	-0.2
	WB	12.9		13.0		0.0	
	NB	9.6		10.0		0.4	
	EB	11.9		12.2		0.3	
Roundabout 1	SB	5.3	5.1/A	2.9	2.8/A	-2.4	-2.3
	WB	3.0		3.4		0.3	
	NB	5.4		1.2		-4.2	
	EB	4.8		6.0		1.3	
Roundabout 2	SB	6.5	5.4/A	1.9	2.0/A	-4.6	-3.4
	WB	2.7		2.0		-0.7	
	NB	4.5		1.5		-3.0	
	EB	4.9		3.7		-1.3	
Main Street / MLK Boulevard	SB	23.7	13.9/B	20.5	12.1/B	-3.2	-1.8
	WB	7.6		6.4		-1.1	
	-	-		-		-	
	EB	6.9		6.1		-0.9	

Intersection	Approach Direction	2 Lane Build		4 Lane Build		Difference (4L - 2L)		Drive Build		Difference (4LW - 2L)	
		Approach Delay	Intersection Delay/LOS	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay/LOS	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay/LOS	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay/LOS	Approach Delay	Intersection Delay
Bedington Drive	SB	29.8	213.8/F	29.1	178.2/F	-0.7	-35.5	32.3	71.2/E	2.5	-142.6
	WB	268.4		197.7		-70.7		43.3		-225.1	
	NB	355.4		346.5		-8.9		46.3		-309.1	
	EB	185.3		140.0		-45.3		122.6		-62.7	
Simmon Street	SB	37.4	217.9/F	34.9	283.7/F	-2.5	65.8	19.8	22.7/C	-17.6	-195.2
	WB	63.8		70.3		6.5		45.3		-18.5	
	NB	575.3		739.2		163.9		14.5		-560.8	
	EB	65.8		71.0		5.1		38.3		-27.5	
Sandabout 1	SB	32.1	193.5/F	15.9	118.1/F	-16.2	-75.3	9.2	22.2/C	-22.9	-171.3
	WB	397.0		245.2		-151.9		43.0		-354.1	
	NB	378.8		221.8		-157.0		4.2		-374.5	
	EB	144.1		77.7		-66.4		53.3		-90.9	
Sandabout 2	SB	113.6	158.6/F	6.1	8.4/A	-107.5	-150.2	6.8	10.1/B	-106.8	-148.5
	WB	190.9		8.2		-182.7		7.5		-183.3	
	NB	255.6		5.4		-250.1		5.6		-250.0	
	EB	140.1		18.4		-121.7		28.9		-111.2	
Lin Street / MLK Boulevard	SB	28.6	27.8/C	21.2	18.5/B	-7.4	-9.3	21.8	20.0/B	-6.8	-7.7
	WB	34.3		15.7		-18.7		17.5		-16.9	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	EB	21.8		16.3		-5.6		18.9		-2.9	

In addition to intersection operations, the travel time along the corridor and network wide performance were also assessed for each Build alternative. The travel time results are summarized in **Table 14**, while the opening year and design year network wide performance measures are presented in **Tables 15** and **16**, respectively.

**Table 14 – Ruppel Road Travel Times**

<b>Analysis Year Alternative</b>	<b>Travel Direction</b>	<b>From</b>	<b>To</b>	<b>Travel Time (minutes)</b>
Opening Year 2013 2-lane Build	SB	Wedington Drive	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	5.7
	NB	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	Wedington Drive	6.1
Opening Year 2013 4-lane Build	SB	Wedington Drive	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	5.3
	NB	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	Wedington Drive	5.9
Design Year 2033 2-lane Build	SB	Wedington Drive	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	8.1
	NB	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	Wedington Drive	32.1
Design Year 2033 4-lane Build	SB	Wedington Drive	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	5.8
	NB	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	Wedington Drive	27.4
Design Year 2033 4-lane to Wedington Drive Build	SB	Wedington Drive	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	5.4
	NB	Main Street / MLK Boulevard	Wedington Drive	6.1

Demand and processed volume comparisons, as well as detailed travel time and vehicle delay results for all three (3) Build Alternatives have been provided in the appendix for further reference.

**Table 15 – Opening Year 2013 Network Wide Performance Measures**

Measure of Effectiveness	2 Lane Build	4 Lane Build
Number of Active Vehicles (veh)	117	126
Number of Arrived Vehicles (veh)	3,790	3,814
Number of Processed Vehicles (veh)	3,906	3,940
Latent Demand (veh)	0	0
% Latent Demand	0%	0%
Total Delay Time (hrs)	33	29
Average Delay Time (sec/veh)	30	27
Average Speed (mph)	22	22.5

**Table 16 – Design Year 2033 Network Wide Performance Measures**

Measure of Effectiveness	2 Lane Build	4 Lane Build	4 Lane to Wedington Drive Build
Number of Active Vehicles (veh)	772	686	306
Number of Arrived Vehicles (veh)	5,144	5,261	6,112
Number of Processed Vehicles (veh)	5,916	5,948	6,418
Latent Demand (veh)	1,230	1,177	480
% Latent Demand	17%	17%	7%
Total Delay Time (hrs)	529	456	125
Average Delay Time (sec/veh)	322	276	70
Average Speed (mph)	6.3	7.3	17

With respect to travel time along the study corridor, the travel time along the two-lane and four-lane extension of Ripple Road between Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard and Wedington Drive is relatively the same in both the northbound and southbound directions in 2013, about 6 minutes; however, in 2033, the travel time is much longer in the northbound direction, about 32 minutes for the 2-lane Build alternative and 27 minutes for the 4-lane Build alternative. The travel time is improved considerably when the four-lane section is extended to Wedington Drive, reducing the average northbound travel time to 6 minutes in 2033.

Likewise, the network wide performance measures show noticeable improvement in Year 2033 when comparing the 2-lane Build to the 4-lane to Wedington Drive Build. The average speed is almost doubled, the latent demand is reduced in half, and the total network wide delay is decreased from approximately 500 seconds to 100 seconds. It should be noted that from a network wide standpoint, the 4-lane Build alternative does provide a minimal benefit in terms of total delay and average speed over the 2-lane Build alternative; however, the true benefit of providing a four-lane extension is diminished by the lane reduction at Persimmon Street which exists in the 4-lane Build alternative.

Based on the operation along the network with expected volumes in the opening year design, the 2-lane Build and the operation along the network with expected volumes in the design year, the 4-lane to Wedington Drive Build, the network should operate with acceptable total delay and average speed until the corridor is developed to approximately 50 to 75% built out. Determining when this level of development would occur would be difficult to approximate. Given the need for the connection, the close proximity to the school and I-540, the development could conceivably reach a 50 to 75% build out in 10 years.

# Appendix



# **Opening Year 2013**

## **2-Lane Build**

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference
Ripple Rd & Wedington Dr	SB	R	7.7	48	354	2431	14%	15%	1.0	25.8	26.0	45	352	2	0%
		T	27.9	143	41%		11.3	13.5	143						
		L	29.4	162	46%		13.5	164							
	WB	R	11.6	82	16%		1.9	82							
		T	18.6	217	42%		7.8	215							
		L	24.7	215	42%		10.4	216							
	NB	R	31.1	201	56%		17.3	185							
		T	44.0	113	31%		13.7	105							
		L	40.7	48	13%		5.4	45							
	EB	R	23.4	128	11%		2.5	130							
		T	27.0	904	75%		20.3	899							
		L	19.1	170	14%		2.7	172							
Ripple Rd & Persimmon St	SB	R	8.0	82	16%	1.3	78								
		T	9.4	293	58%	5.5	292								
		L	14.0	126	25%	3.5	126								
	WB	R	6.7	14	9%	0.6	13								
		T	10.4	67	42%	4.4	66								
		L	16.2	78	49%	7.9	79								
	NB	R	7.4	149	38%	2.8	124								
		T	9.8	160	41%	4.1	135								
		L	13.3	78	20%	2.7	62								
	EB	R	8.6	45	14%	1.2	46								
		T	11.9	181	55%	6.6	175								
		L	13.4	101	31%	4.1	105								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 1	SB	R	4.8	19	4%	0.2	20								
		T	5.4	396	91%	4.9	382								
		L	4.7	20	5%	0.2	20								
	WB	R	3.0	49	51%	1.6	50								
		T	3.3	22	23%	0.8	20								
		L	2.8	24	26%	0.7	25								
	NB	R	6.0	19	6%	0.4	15								
		T	5.4	247	86%	4.7	184								
		L	4.9	22	8%	0.4	15								
	EB	R	4.5	24	24%	1.1	25								
		T	5.3	20	20%	1.1	20								
		L	4.7	57	56%	2.6	57								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 2	SB	R	5.6	24	5%	0.3	20								
		T	6.5	402	90%	5.9	382								
		L	6.3	20	5%	0.3	20								
	WB	R	2.7	50	53%	1.4	50								
		T	2.8	21	22%	0.6	20								
		L	2.5	24	25%	0.6	25								
	NB	R	4.3	16	7%	0.3	15								
		T	4.6	182	86%	4.0	184								
		L	4.0	14	7%	0.3	15								
	EB	R	5.1	26	25%	1.3	25								
		T	4.9	21	20%	1.0	20								
		L	4.9	55	54%	2.7	57								

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference
Ripple Rd & Main St / MLK Blvd	SB	R	12.5	80	447	1094	18%	41%	2.2	23.7	13.9	75	432	15	4%
		L	26.1	367	-		21.4		0						
	WB	R	5.4	123	239		52%	22%	2.8	7.6		125	239	0	0%
		T	9.9	116	-		48%	0	4.8	0		114	0	0	0%
	EB	T	6.9	318	407		78%	37%	5.3	6.9		316	405	2	1%
		L	7.2	90	-		22%	1.6	-	-		89	-	-	-

### Travel Time Evaluation AM - Southbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(Sec)	(Min)
1	Wedington Dr	79.41	1.3
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	96.84	1.6
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	75.74	1.3
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	92.42	1.5
5	Main St / MLK Blvd		
	Total	344.4	5.7

### Travel Time Evaluation AM - Northbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
5	Main St / MLK Blvd	79.8	1.3
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	73.6	1.2
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	100.2	1.7
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	111.8	1.9
1	Wedington Dr		
	Total	365.4	6.1

# **Opening Year 2013**

## **4-Lane Build**

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference	
Ruppel Rd & Wedington Dr	SB	R	7.8	47	357	2436	13%	15%	1.0	26.8	26.3	45	352	5	1%	
		T	27.5	146	41%		11.2	143								
		L	31.6	164	46%		14.5	164								
	WB	R	10.8	80	16%		1.7	82	21%	7.9		20.4	215	513	-5	-1%
		T	18.5	216	42%		10.8	216								
		L	25.9	212	42%		17.2	185								
	NB	R	30.6	208	56%		17.2	105	15%	12.4		34.5	335	37	11%	
		T	40.3	115	31%		4.9	45								
		L	37.8	49	13%		2.5	130								
	EB	R	23.5	128	11%		2.5	899	49%	20.8		26.1	1201	-1	0%	
		T	27.6	903	75%		2.9	172								
		L	20.4	170	14%		1.2	78								
Ruppel Rd & Persimmon St	SB	R	7.5	81	16%	1.2	58%	36%	4.3	9.1	496	3	1%			
		T	7.3	292	25%	3.6	292									
		L	14.3	126	9%	0.6	13									
	WB	R	6.4	14	42%	4.5	66	12%	7.9	13.0	158	7	4%			
		T	10.6	70	49%	2.8	79									
		L	16.2	81	38%	4.5	124									
	NB	R	7.4	148	43%	4.5	135	28%	2.8	10.0	321	68	21%			
		T	10.5	165	19%	1.2	62									
		L	14.3	75	14%	6.8	46									
	EB	R	8.4	84	55%	3.1	175	24%	4.2	12.2	326	10	3%			
		T	12.4	184	4%	0.1	105									
		L	13.6	105	91%	2.6	20									
Ruppel Rd & Roundabout 1	SB	R	3.1	19	4%	0.1	91%	47%	2.9	2.9	422	17	4%			
		T	2.8	400	5%	0.2	382									
		L	3.6	20	23%	1.6	20									
	WB	R	2.0	49	51%	1.0	50	10%	0.8	3.4	95	2	2%			
		T	6.7	23	26%	0.8	25									
		L	3.0	25	7%	0.1	15									
	NB	R	1.0	19	86%	1.0	184	31%	0.1	1.2	214	77	36%			
		T	1.2	251	7%	0.1	15									
		L	1.9	21	24%	0.9	25									
	EB	R	3.7	25	20%	1.4	104	11%	3.7	6.0	102	2	2%			
		T	7.1	21	56%	3.7	57									
		L	6.6	58	4%	0.1	20									
Ruppel Rd & Roundabout 2	SB	R	1.6	19	91%	1.7	91%	52%	1.9	1.9	422	28	7%			
		T	1.8	408	5%	0.1	20									
		L	2.5	23	52%	0.8	50									
	WB	R	1.6	49	22%	0.6	20	11%	2.0	2.0	95	-1	-1%			
		T	2.6	21	26%	0.6	25									
		L	2.2	24	7%	0.1	15									
	NB	R	1.2	15	86%	1.3	184	25%	1.5	1.5	214	1	1%			
		T	1.5	186	7%	0.2	15									
		L	2.7	14	25%	0.8	25									
	EB	R	3.2	25	20%	0.9	104	12%	3.7	3.7	102	2	1%			
		T	4.3	21	55%	2.0	57									
		L	3.7	57												

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference		
Rupple Rd & Main St / MLK Blvd	SB	R	8.1	113	456	1105	25%	41%	2.0	20.5	12.1	75	432	24	6%		
		L	24.6	343	18.5		75%	357	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	
	WB	R	4.8	128	2.5		51%	22%	4.0	6.4		114	239	5	2%		
		T	8.2	119	4.0		49%	0	-	-		0	0	0	0	0	0
	EB	T	6.1	316	405		78%	37%	4.7	6.1		0	316	0	405	0	0%
		L	6.1	89	89		22%	1.3	0	0		0	89	0	0	0	0%



## Travel Time Evaluation AM - Southbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(Sec)	(Min)
1	Wedington Dr	79.14	1.3
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	89.76	1.5
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	68.1	1.1
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	81.87	1.4
5	Main St / MLK Blvd		
	Total	318.9	5.3

## Travel Time Evaluation AM - Northbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
5	Main St / MLK Blvd	74.6	1.2
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	67.1	1.1
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	96.1	1.6
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	114.8	1.9
1	Wedington Dr		
	Total	352.6	5.9

# **Design Year 2033**

## **2-Lane Build**

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference	
Ripple Rd & Wedington Dr	SB	R	7.8	68	550	3258	12%	17%	1.0	29.8	213.8	56	553	-3	-1%	
		T	25.5	242	44%		11.2	239	17.6							
		L	40.4	239	44%		17.6	239	17.6							
	WB	R	157.5	108	702		15%	22%	24.3	268.4		213.8	117	798	-96	-12%
		T	179.8	271	39%		69.4	374	174.8							
		L	379.8	323	48%		174.8	374	174.8							
	NB	R	353.8	431	706		61%	22%	216.3	355.4		213.8	674	1102	-396	-36%
		T	360.5	171	15%		87.2	159	51.9							
		L	353.4	104	15%		51.9	159	51.9							
	EB	R	181.9	150	1300		12%	40%	21.0	185.3		213.8	201	1731	-431	-25%
		T	185.4	970	75%		138.2	246	26.1							
		L	187.8	181	14%		26.1	246	26.1							
Ripple Rd & Persimmon St	SB	R	30.4	113	729	15%	37%	4.7	37.4	217.9	125	810	-81	-10%		
		T	32.8	452	23%	20.3	187	12.4								
		L	55.0	184	23%	12.4	187	12.4								
	WB	R	45.8	17	201	8%	10%	3.8	63.8		217.9	17	203	-2	-1%	
		T	43.6	88	44%	19.0	101	40.9								
		L	85.2	97	48%	40.9	101	40.9								
	NB	R	538.5	91	631	14%	32%	77.7	575.3		217.9	159	1084	-453	-42%	
		T	585.3	482	78%	456.0	80	41.7								
		L	543.3	48	8%	41.7	80	41.7								
	EB	R	38.6	59	415	14%	21%	5.5	65.8		217.9	59	418	-3	-1%	
		T	48.8	224	54%	26.4	135	33.9								
		L	107.4	131	32%	33.9	135	33.9								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 1	SB	R	28.7	69	637	11%	39%	3.1	32.1	193.5	86	782	-145	-19%		
		T	32.5	498	78%	25.4	86	3.6								
		L	32.9	70	11%	3.6	86	3.6								
	WB	R	395.8	93	164	57%	10%	225.5	397.0		193.5	233	403	-239	-59%	
		T	380.5	11	6%	24.7	144	146.9								
		L	401.9	60	37%	146.9	144	146.9								
	NB	R	390.8	39	474	8%	29%	32.3	378.8		193.5	59	693	-219	-32%	
		T	376.4	390	82%	309.7	62	36.7								
		L	389.0	45	9%	36.7	62	36.7								
	EB	R	134.6	131	370	35%	23%	47.7	144.1		193.5	144	411	-41	-10%	
		T	128.1	23	6%	8.0	241	88.4								
		L	151.7	216	58%	88.4	241	88.4								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 2	SB	R	114.7	49	714	7%	47%	7.9	113.5	158.5	60	900	-186	-21%		
		T	113.2	620	87%	98.3	60	7.4								
		L	118.3	44	6%	7.4	60	7.4								
	WB	R	205.5	117	199	59%	13%	120.2	190.9		158.5	201	339	-140	-41%	
		T	134.9	16	8%	10.6	112	60.0								
		L	178.4	67	34%	60.0	112	60.0								
	NB	R	262.4	41	320	13%	21%	33.2	255.6		158.5	55	437	-117	-27%	
		T	253.3	239	75%	189.2	58	33.1								
		L	262.1	40	13%	33.1	58	33.1								
	EB	R	122.9	110	285	39%	19%	47.5	140.1		158.5	112	306	-21	-7%	
		T	132.7	26	9%	12.1	168	80.5								
		L	154.1	149	52%	80.5	168	80.5								

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference	
Ripple Rd & Main St / MLK Blvd	SB	R	21.3	152	796	1749	19%	45%	4.1	28.6	27.8	186	1004	-209	-21%	
		L	-	-	81%		-		0			0				
	WB	R	34.8	260	403		65%	23%	22.5	34.3		288	436	-33	-8%	
		T	33.4	143	35%		11.8		0							
	EB	T	-	-	-		-	75%	31%	11.5		21.8	0	558	-7	-1%
		L	15.4	411	551		25%	10.3		409			149			

### Travel Time Evaluation: 2033 AM - Southbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
1	Wedington Dr	91.13	1.5
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	120.31	2.0
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	178.08	3.0
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	97.06	1.6
5	Main St / MLK Blvd		
	Total	486.6	8.1

### Travel Time Evaluation 2033 AM - Northbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
5	Main St / MLK Blvd	337.5	5.6
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	482.6	8.0
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	702.2	11.7
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	406.6	6.8
1	Wedington Dr		
	Total	1928.9	32.1

# **Design Year 2033**

## **4-Lane Build**



RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference
Ripple Rd & Wedington Dr	SB	R	9.1	64	561	3252	11%	17%	1.0	29.1	178.2	66	553	8	1%
		T	24.7	268	48%		11.8	248	239						
		L	39.8	230	41%		16.3	239							
	WB	R	122.2	107	694	15%	21%	18.8	52.7	197.7	178.2	117	798	-104	-13%
		T	135.3	271	39%	52.7	271								
		L	276.4	317	46%	126.2	317								
	NB	R	341.5	433	710	61%	22%	208.2	208.2	346.5	178.2	674	1102	-383	-36%
		T	350.5	172	24%	85.0	172								
		L	360.8	105	15%	53.3	105								
	EB	R	139.6	155	1287	12%	40%	16.8	104.0	140.0	178.2	201	1731	-444	-26%
		T	140.4	954	74%	104.0	954								
		L	138.4	179	14%	19.2	179								
Ripple Rd & Persimmon St	SB	R	26.8	113	732	15%	35%	4.1	4.1	34.9	283.7	125	810	-78	-10%
		T	29.6	453	62%	18.3	453								
		L	55.1	166	23%	12.4	166								
	WB	R	42.7	18	210	8%	10%	3.6	3.6	70.3	283.7	17	203	7	3%
		T	42.9	90	43%	18.4	90								
		L	96.0	102	49%	48.3	102								
	NB	R	679.3	97	697	14%	34%	94.7	94.7	739.2	283.7	159	1084	-387	-36%
		T	761.2	546	76%	585.8	546								
		L	625.7	54	8%	48.7	54								
	EB	R	43.6	61	427	14%	21%	6.3	6.3	71.0	283.7	59	418	9	2%
		T	51.6	231	54%	27.9	231								
		L	116.8	134	31%	36.8	134								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 1	SB	R	12.6	33	627	5%	36%	0.7	0.7	15.9	118.1	86	782	-156	-20%
		T	14.7	564	90%	13.3	564								
		L	42.3	29	5%	2.0	29								
	WB	R	219.4	83	142	59%	8%	128.5	128.5	245.2	118.1	233	403	-251	-65%
		T	320.6	9	6%	20.7	9								
		L	274.4	50	35%	95.9	50								
	NB	R	187.3	48	596	8%	34%	15.2	15.2	221.8	118.1	59	693	-97	-14%
		T	223.9	490	82%	184.0	490								
		L	232.8	58	10%	22.5	58								
	EB	R	52.4	141	391	36%	22%	18.9	18.9	77.7	118.1	144	411	-20	-5%
		T	77.8	24	6%	4.8	24								
		L	93.5	226	58%	54.0	226								
Ripple Rd & Roundabout 2	SB	R	5.0	49	756	6%	41%	0.3	0.3	6.1	8.4	60	900	-145	-16%
		T	6.0	658	87%	5.2	658								
		L	8.4	49	6%	0.5	49								
	WB	R	7.6	198	337	59%	18%	4.5	4.5	8.2	8.4	201	339	-3	-1%
		T	9.4	26	8%	0.7	26								
		L	8.9	112	33%	2.9	112								
	NB	R	4.3	56	436	13%	24%	0.6	0.6	5.4	8.4	55	437	-1	0%
		T	5.1	322	74%	3.8	322								
		L	8.1	58	13%	1.1	58								
	EB	R	16.7	119	314	38%	17%	6.4	6.4	18.4	8.4	112	306	8	2%
		T	18.9	28	9%	1.7	28								
		L	19.5	166	53%	10.3	166								

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/vph)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/vph)	Intersection Delay (sec/vph)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference	
Ripple Rd & Main St / MLK Blvd	SB	R	10.5	168	900	1900	18%	47%	1.9	21.2	18.5	186	1004	-104	-10%	
		L	23.7	734	82%		19.3	0	818	0						
	WB	R	12.5	290	65%		8.1	288	23%	7.5		15.7	148	436	7	2%
		T	21.8	154	35%		7.5	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	EB	T	15.8	408	73%		11.5	557	29%	4.7		16.3	0	558	-1	0%
		L	17.6	149	27%		4.7	149	27%	4.7		16.3	409	558	-1	0%

### Travel Time Evaluation: 2033 AM - Southbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
1	Wedington Dr	84.1	1.4
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	102.35	1.7
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	74.22	1.2
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	85.07	1.4
5	Main St / MLK Blvd		
	Total	345.7	5.8

### Travel Time Evaluation 2033 AM - Northbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
5	Main St / MLK Blvd	79.5	1.3
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	278.7	4.6
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	905.5	15.1
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	381.7	6.4
1	Wedington Dr		
	Total	1645.4	27.4

# **Design Year 2033**

## **4-Lane to Wedington Drive Build**

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference			
Ruppel Rd & Wedington Dr	SB	R	29.1	64	562	3855	11%	15%	3.3	32.3	71.2	66	553	9	2%			
		T	28.3	270			48%		13.6			248						
		L	37.9	228			41%		15.4			239						
	WB	R	20.4	120	798		15%	21%	3.1			43.3			307	798	-1	0%
		T	25.2	309			39%		9.8						374			
		L	65.9	369			46%		30.5									
	NB	R	41.1	676	1100		61%	29%	25.3			46.3			674	1102	-2	0%
		T	52.6	267			24%		12.8						269			
		L	57.6	157			14%		8.2						159			
	EB	R	123.2	167	1396		12%	36%	14.8			122.6			201	1731	-335	-19%
		T	124.5	1,036			74%		92.4						1284			
		L	111.8	192			14%		15.4						246			
Ruppel Rd & Persimmon St	SB	R	10.6	135	823	16%	32%	1.7		19.8	22.7	125	810	13	2%			
		T	12.6	501		61%		7.6						498				
		L	46.0	187		23%		10.4						187				
	WB	R	19.5	17	206	8%	8%	1.6		45.3				17	203	3	2%	
		T	34.1	89		43%		14.8						85				
		L	59.8	100		48%		28.8						101				
	NB	R	13.1	160	1080	15%	43%	1.9		14.5				159	1084	-4	0%	
		T	14.2	840		78%		11.0						845				
		L	20.0	80		7%		1.5						80				
	EB	R	30.1	61	427	14%	17%	4.3		38.3				59	418	9	2%	
		T	37.6	231		54%		20.3						224				
		L	43.2	136		32%		13.7						135				
Ruppel Rd & Roundabout 1	SB	R	7.7	38	687	6%	31%	0.4		9.2	22.2	86	782	-95	-12%			
		T	9.3	616		90%		8.3						610				
		L	10.8	33		5%		0.5						86				
	WB	R	41.5	237	411	58%	19%	23.9		43.0				233	403	8	2%	
		T	44.5	27		6%		2.9						26				
		L	45.1	147		36%		16.2						144				
	NB	R	4.0	55	687	8%	31%	0.3		4.2				59	693	-6	-1%	
		T	4.1	567		83%		3.4						572				
		L	5.4	66		10%		0.5						62				
	EB	R	50.8	144	407	35%	19%	18.0		53.3				144	411	-4	-1%	
		T	56.0	25		6%		3.5						26				
		L	54.4	238		58%		31.8						241				
Ruppel Rd & Roundabout 2	SB	R	5.8	59	908	7%	45%	0.4		6.8	10.1	60	900	8	1%			
		T	6.7	791		87%		5.8						780				
		L	9.4	59		6%		0.6						60				
	WB	R	7.1	200	339	59%	17%	4.2		7.5				201	339	0	0%	
		T	8.3	27		8%		0.6						26				
		L	8.1	113		33%		2.7						112				
	NB	R	4.7	57	438	13%	22%	0.6		5.6				55	437	1	0%	
		T	5.3	323		74%		3.9						324				
		L	8.0	59		13%		1.1						58				
	EB	R	27.4	120	313	38%	16%	10.5		28.9				112	306	7	2%	
		T	31.0	28		9%		2.7						26				
		L	29.6	166		53%		15.7						168				

RUPPLE ROAD  
INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

Intersection	Approach Direction	Movement	Delay by movement (sec)	Processed Volume (vph)	Processed Approach Volume (vph)	Processed Intersection Volume (vph)	Movement % Approach Volume	Approach % Total Volume	Movement Delay Weighted by Volume (sec/veh)	Weighted Delay by Approach (sec/veh)	Intersection Delay (sec/veh)	Demand Volume (vph)	Demand Approach Volume (vph)	Difference	% Difference			
Rupple Rd & Main St / MLK Blvd	SB	R	10.3	191	1027	2028	19%	51%	1.9	21.8	20.0	186	1004	23	2%			
		L	24.4	835	81%		19.9	0	0	818		0	0	0	0	0	0	
	WB	R	13.2	289	65%		8.6	22%	17.5	288		436	7	148	0	0	0	2%
		T	25.6	154	35%		8.9	-	-	0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	EB	T	18.6	410	73%		13.7	28%	18.9	409		558	1	0	558	1	0%	
		L	19.5	149	27%		5.2	27%	5.2	149		0	0	0	0	0	0	0%

### Travel Time Evaluation: 2033 AM - Southbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
1	Wedington Dr	72.46	1.2
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	94.7	1.6
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	73.87	1.2
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	85.04	1.4
5	Main St / MLK Blvd		
	<b>Total</b>	<b>326.1</b>	<b>5.4</b>



### Travel Time Evaluation 2033 AM - Northbound

CP	From Intersection	VISSIM	
	Crossing Intersection	(sec)	(min)
5	Main St / MLK Blvd	79.8	1.3
4	Roundabout 2		
4	Roundabout 2	71.1	1.2
3	Roundabout 1		
3	Roundabout 1	101.0	1.7
2	Persimmon St		
2	Persimmon St	115.7	1.9
1	Wedington Dr		
	Total	367.6	6.1

# Turning Movement Counts

Persimmon Street / Ripple Road

And

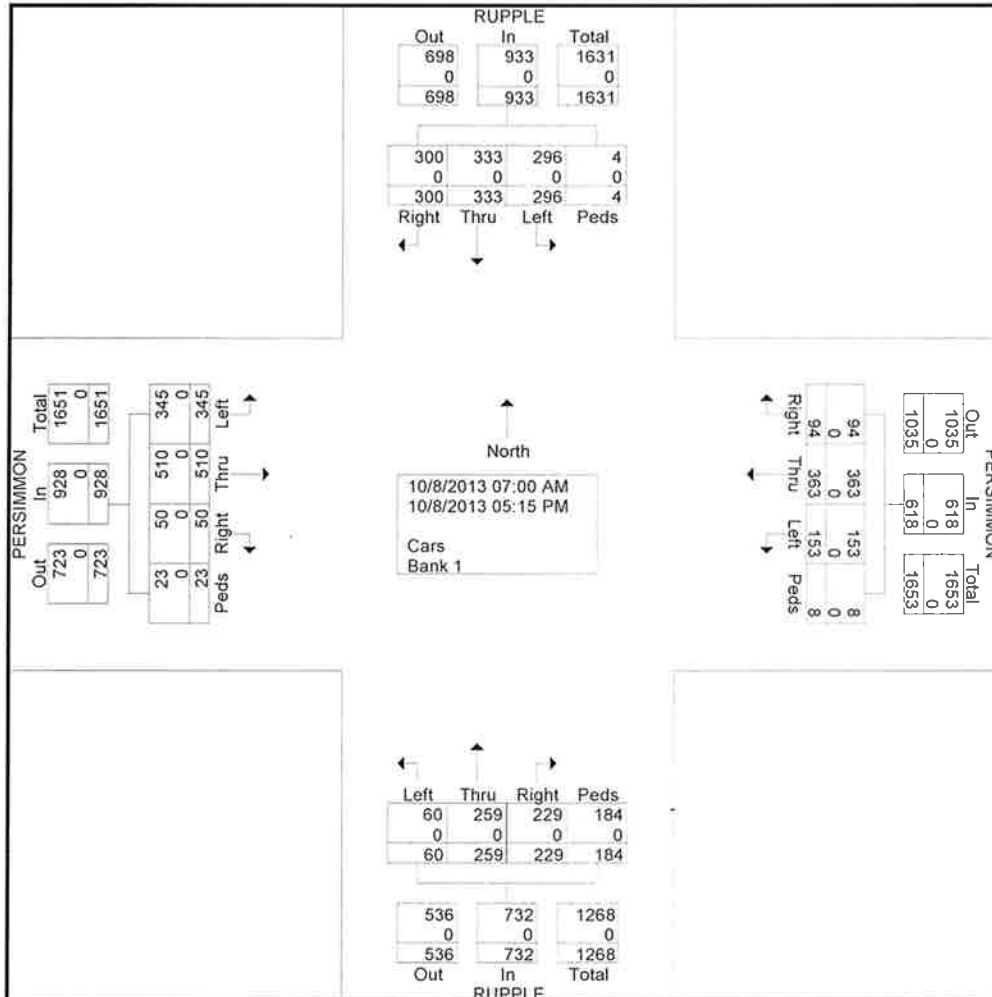
Wedington Drive / Ripple Road



# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : Persimmon-Ruppel  
 Site Code : Count 1  
 Start Date : 10/8/2013  
 Page No : 2

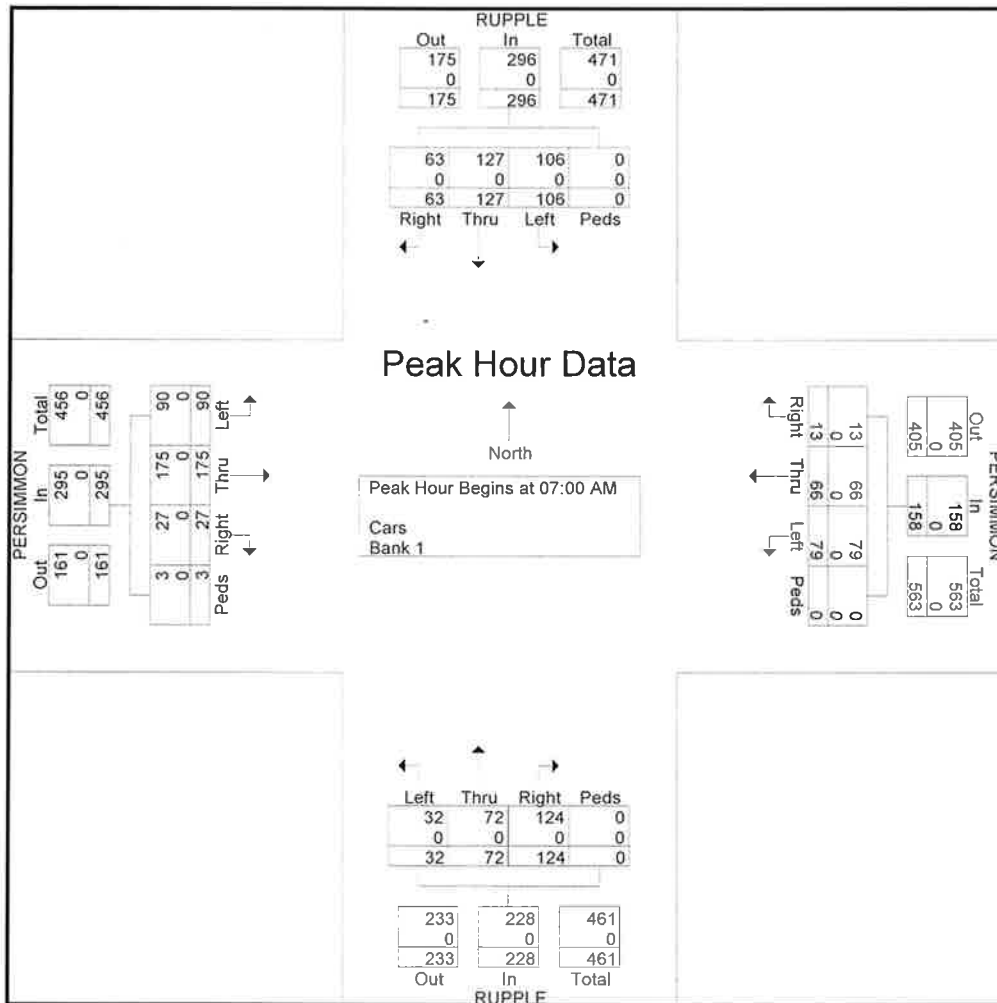


# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : Persimmon-Ripple  
Site Code : Count 1  
Start Date : 10/8/2013  
Page No : 3

Start Time	RUPPLE From North					PERSIMMON From East					RUPPLE From South					PERSIMMON From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 07:00 AM to 09:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 07:00 AM																					
07:00 AM	19	20	6	0	45	1	15	11	0	27	9	11	7	0	27	6	22	18	0	46	145
07:15 AM	18	50	26	0	94	6	17	32	0	55	34	15	10	0	59	11	51	20	2	84	292
07:30 AM	19	45	37	0	101	2	24	20	0	46	53	33	10	0	96	8	52	22	1	83	326
07:45 AM	7	12	37	0	56	4	10	16	0	30	28	13	5	0	46	2	50	30	0	82	214
Total Volume	63	127	106	0	296	13	66	79	0	158	124	72	32	0	228	27	175	90	3	295	977
% App. Total	21.3	42.9	35.8	0		8.2	41.8	50	0		54.4	31.6	14	0		9.2	59.3	30.5	1		
PHF	.829	.635	.716	.000	.733	.542	.688	.617	.000	.718	.585	.545	.800	.000	.594	.614	.841	.750	.375	.878	.749
Cars	63	127	106	0	296	13	66	79	0	158	124	72	32	0	228	27	175	90	3	295	977
% Cars	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

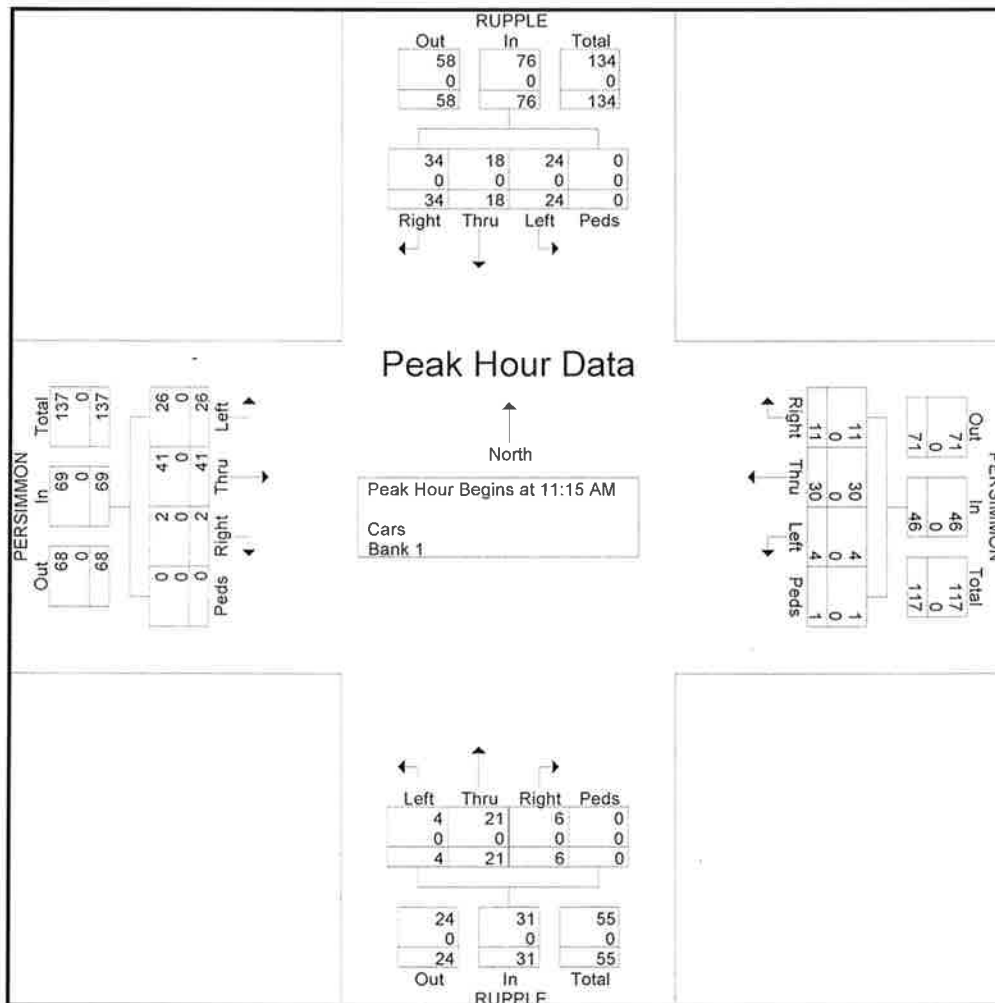


# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : Persimmon-Ruppel  
 Site Code : Count 1  
 Start Date : 10/8/2013  
 Page No : 4

Start Time	RUPPLE From North					PERSIMMON From East					RUPPLE From South					PERSIMMON From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 10:00 AM to 01:45 PM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 11:15 AM																					
11:15 AM	5	9	1	0	15	3	5	1	1	10	0	5	0	0	5	0	11	5	0	16	46
11:30 AM	7	4	8	0	19	2	10	2	0	14	1	5	3	0	9	1	8	9	0	18	60
11:45 AM	14	1	8	0	23	4	5	1	0	10	3	6	0	0	9	1	9	8	0	18	60
12:00 PM	8	4	7	0	19	2	10	0	0	12	2	5	1	0	8	0	13	4	0	17	56
Total Volume	34	18	24	0	76	11	30	4	1	46	6	21	4	0	31	2	41	26	0	69	222
% App. Total	44.7	23.7	31.6	0		23.9	65.2	8.7	2.2		19.4	67.7	12.9	0		2.9	59.4	37.7	0		
PHF	.607	.500	.750	.000	.826	.688	.750	.500	.250	.821	.500	.875	.333	.000	.861	.500	.788	.722	.000	.958	.925
Cars	34	18	24	0	76	11	30	4	1	46	6	21	4	0	31	2	41	26	0	69	222
% Cars	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

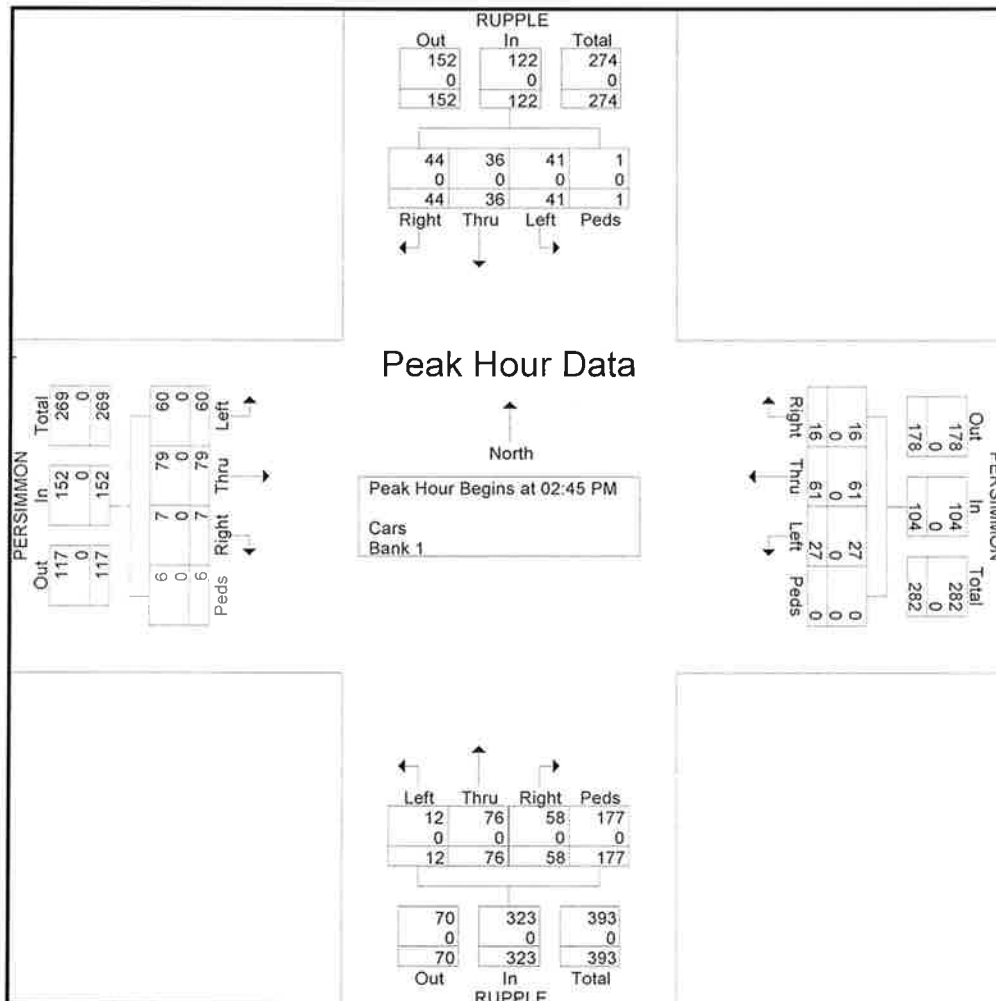


# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : Persimmon-Ruppel  
 Site Code : Count 1  
 Start Date : 10/8/2013  
 Page No : 5

Start Time	RUPPLE From North					PERSIMMON From East					RUPPLE From South					PERSIMMON From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 02:00 PM to 05:15 PM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 02:45 PM																					
02:45 PM	16	19	10	0	45	4	7	14	0	25	11	16	3	1	31	4	12	7	1	24	125
03:00 PM	6	5	13	0	24	5	16	6	0	27	29	34	6	124	193	2	30	28	5	65	309
03:15 PM	9	8	12	0	29	4	8	4	0	16	12	16	2	50	80	0	17	13	0	30	155
03:30 PM	13	4	6	1	24	3	30	3	0	36	6	10	1	2	19	1	20	12	0	33	112
Total Volume	44	36	41	1	122	16	61	27	0	104	58	76	12	177	323	7	79	60	6	152	701
% App. Total	36.1	29.5	33.6	0.8		15.4	58.7	26	0		18	23.5	3.7	54.8		4.6	52	39.5	3.9		
PHF	.688	.474	.788	.250	.678	.800	.508	.482	.000	.722	.500	.559	.500	.357	.418	.438	.658	.536	.300	.585	.567
Cars	44	36	41	1	122	16	61	27	0	104	58	76	12	177	323	7	79	60	6	152	701
% Cars	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



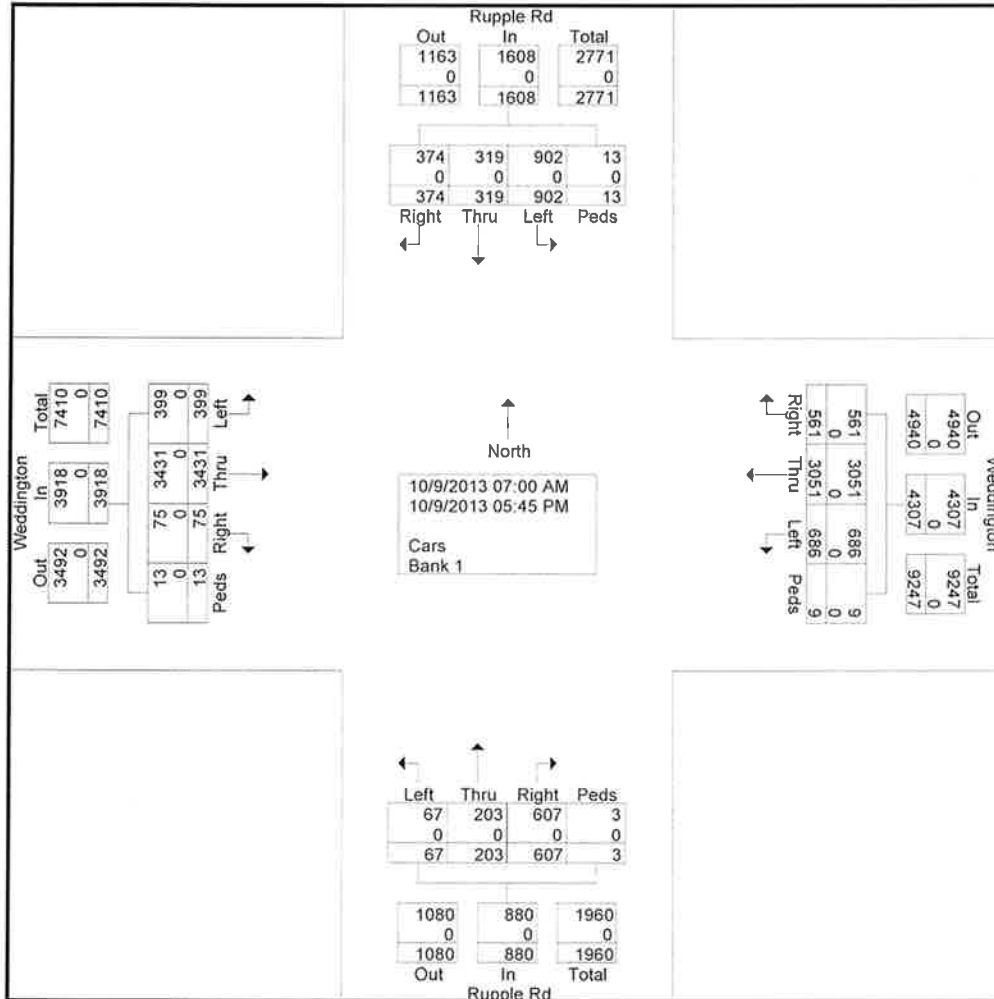




# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : WEDDIN~1  
 Site Code : Count 2  
 Start Date : 10/9/2013  
 Page No : 2

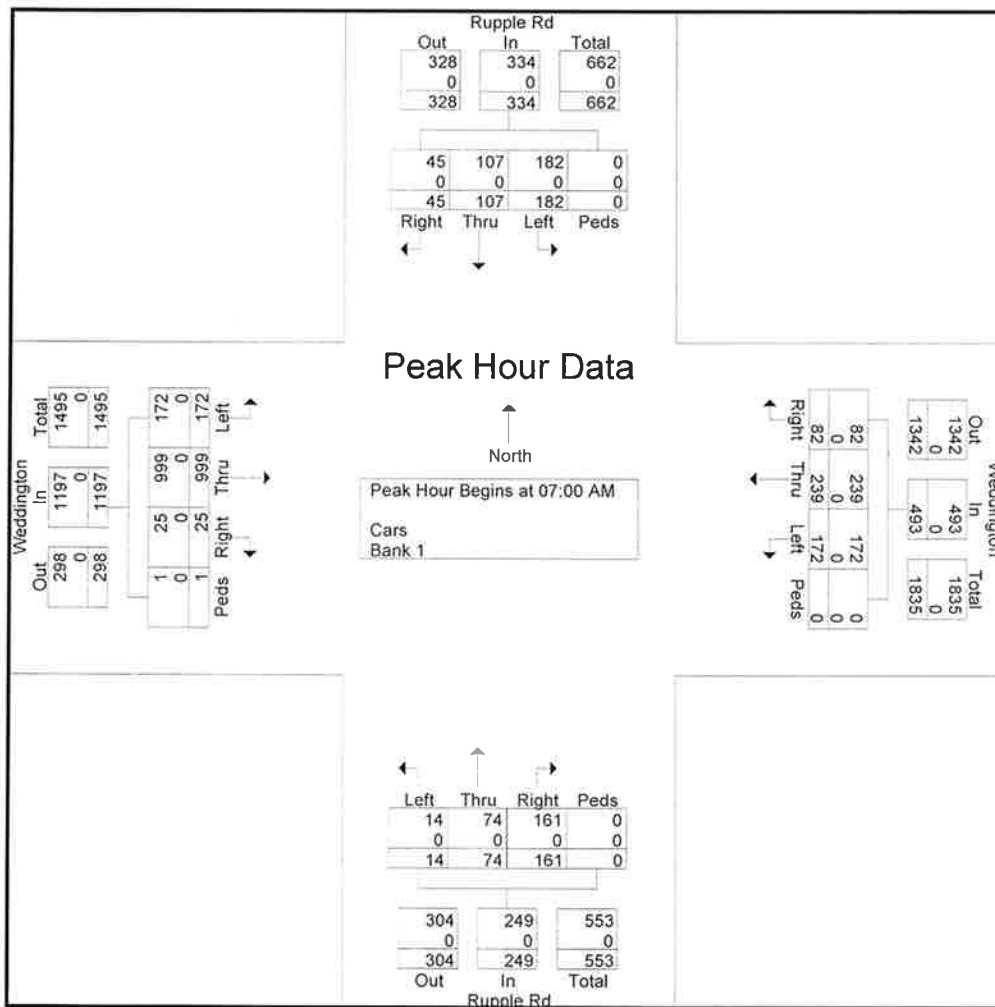


# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : WEDDIN~1  
 Site Code : Count 2  
 Start Date : 10/9/2013  
 Page No : 3

Start Time	Ruppel Rd From North					Weddington From East					Ruppel Rd From South					Weddington From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 07:00 AM to 09:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 07:00 AM																					
07:00 AM	10	21	40	0	71	15	61	31	0	107	41	9	1	0	51	3	250	27	0	280	509
07:15 AM	10	27	49	0	86	21	49	64	0	134	32	22	3	0	57	6	261	43	1	311	588
07:30 AM	10	32	41	0	83	25	56	51	0	132	44	25	2	0	71	7	231	65	0	303	589
07:45 AM	15	27	52	0	94	21	73	26	0	120	44	18	8	0	70	9	257	37	0	303	587
Total Volume	45	107	182	0	334	82	239	172	0	493	161	74	14	0	249	25	999	172	1	1197	2273
% App. Total	13.5	32	54.5	0		16.6	48.5	34.9	0		64.7	29.7	5.6	0		2.1	83.5	14.4	0.1		
PHF	.750	.836	.875	.000	.888	.820	.818	.672	.000	.920	.915	.740	.438	.000	.877	.694	.957	.662	.250	.962	.965
Cars	45	107	182	0	334	82	239	172	0	493	161	74	14	0	249	25	999	172	1	1197	2273
% Cars	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

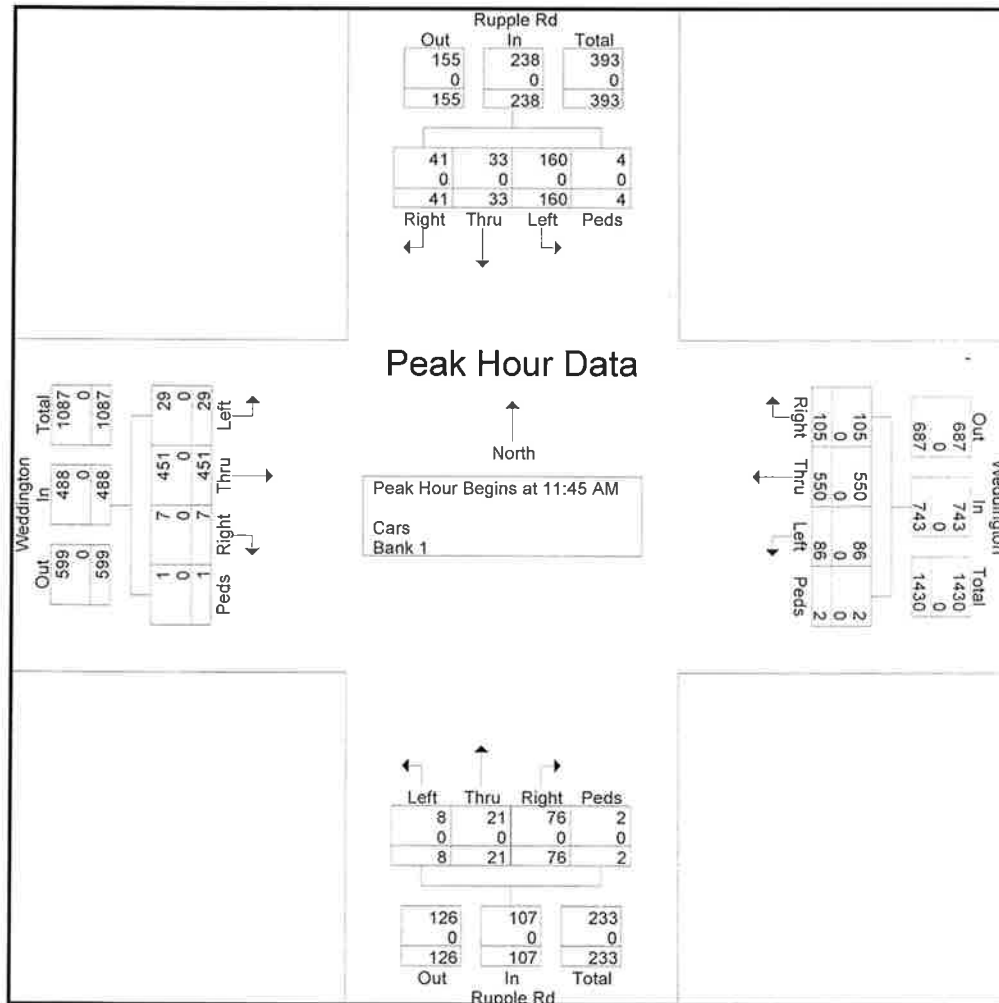


# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : WEDDIN~1  
 Site Code : Count 2  
 Start Date : 10/9/2013  
 Page No : 4

Start Time	Ruppel Rd From North					Weddington From East					Ruppel Rd From South					Weddington From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 10:00 AM to 01:45 PM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 11:45 AM																					
11:45 AM	9	13	37	1	60	24	143	23	0	190	19	5	2	1	27	2	108	3	0	113	390
12:00 PM	8	7	30	0	45	33	134	31	0	198	20	4	3	0	27	2	100	10	0	112	382
12:15 PM	12	5	44	1	62	24	127	20	1	172	20	9	2	0	31	1	127	10	1	139	404
12:30 PM	12	8	49	2	71	24	146	12	1	183	17	3	1	1	22	2	116	6	0	124	400
Total Volume	41	33	160	4	238	105	550	86	2	743	76	21	8	2	107	7	451	29	1	488	1576
% App. Total	17.2	13.9	67.2	1.7		14.1	74	11.6	0.3		71	19.6	7.5	1.9		1.4	92.4	5.9	0.2		
PHF	.854	.635	.816	.500	.838	.795	.942	.694	.500	.938	.950	.583	.667	.500	.863	.875	.888	.725	.250	.878	.975
Cars	41	33	160	4	238	105	550	86	2	743	76	21	8	2	107	7	451	29	1	488	1576
% Cars	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



# JACOBS ENGINEERING, INC.

10816 Executive Center Dr. Ste. 300  
 Little Rock, AR 72211

File Name : WEDDIN~1  
 Site Code : Count 2  
 Start Date : 10/9/2013  
 Page No : 5

Start Time	Ruppel Rd From North					Weddington From East					Ruppel Rd From South					Weddington From West					Int. Total
	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	App. Total	
Peak Hour Analysis From 02:00 PM to 05:45 PM - Peak 1 of 1																					
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 04:45 PM																					
04:45 PM	36	24	38	0	98	34	200	61	0	295	25	8	4	0	37	1	126	12	0	139	569
05:00 PM	31	20	43	0	94	41	182	48	0	271	35	15	9	0	59	5	129	11	1	146	570
05:15 PM	44	28	41	0	113	15	210	39	0	264	31	16	3	0	50	4	131	12	0	147	574
05:30 PM	47	29	32	2	110	20	243	46	0	309	30	7	4	0	41	3	141	16	1	161	621
Total Volume	158	101	154	2	415	110	835	194	0	1139	121	46	20	0	187	13	527	51	2	593	2334
% App. Total	38.1	24.3	37.1	0.5		9.7	73.3	17	0		64.7	24.6	10.7	0		2.2	88.9	8.6	0.3		
PHF	.840	.871	.895	.250	.918	.671	.859	.795	.000	.922	.864	.719	.556	.000	.792	.650	.934	.797	.500	.921	.940
Cars	158	101	154	2	415	110	835	194	0	1139	121	46	20	0	187	13	527	51	2	593	2334
% Cars	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

